The Freeman

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER

VOLUME 8
NUMBER 35.

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.
SINGLE COPY, 6 MONTHS, 85 CENTS; 1 YEAR $1 50.

INDIANAPOLIS AUG 22 1896 PUBLIC LIBRARY

OUTLOOK OF TWO BISHOPS!

BISHOP TURNER TO THE NEGRO RACE WHAT WASHINGTON WAS

To His Country—Arkansas and Mississippi to Ever Cheerish the Memory of the Great Preacher of Righteousness, Bishop Turner.

EDITOR FREEMAM:

A few words through your paper concerning the 6th and 8th Episcopal districts, and the two great leaders of them may serve a purpose that will result in good to the general church. The Sixth Episcopal District has within her borders a host of scholarly and broad minded christian ministers—men whose weight is felt throughout the connection. The "boys" of Georgia, remembering the stirling qualities of Rev. Henry M. Turner in his younger days are to-day all joy, all happiness and full of inspiration because of his coming back to them as their leader and Bishop—and well might they be for Bishop Turner, that peerless champion of political, social and religious freedom; is to the manner born a hero and a leader. He is to the Negro race what Washington was to his country. His loss to the 8th district is a gain to the 6th. Many call Bishop Turner rough and cold, and to stand and hear him like a cyclone, hurl thunderbolts of indignation against wrong of every kind, and especially those committed against the Negro, one would be lead to believe the same. But there is an inner chord, within Bishop Turner's nature, as delicate and as tentender as that of the most affiectionate woman, so tender is his kindness, and so sympathetic is he that he will weep like a child with you when you are in trouble, and then with burning and inspiring words, he will give you encouragement.

I have (in acting as private secretary to him) seen him get down on his knees and plead with the Master to help him in arranging the appointments of his conference, I have seen him weep; then he would brace up and say, "Well, I have with the help of God, done the best I could—what more?" Arkansas and Mississippi will forever cheerish the memory of the great preacher of righteousness; that great race leader, that great sympathizer, Bishop Henry McNeal Turner. D. D. L. L. D. He has won a place in our affections that time nor eternity will ever be able to curse. With his leadership the sixth Episcopal district will not fall behind in saving men and collecting means for the church, while he leaves behind him a noble set of men. He finds in Georgia and Alabama a set of men second to none in the entire connection, who will see to it that his administration will be successful in every respect, Among them might be mentioned the venerable patriotic veteran, Rev. C. L. Bradwell, D. D., a man of scars, and who has scores of victories inscribed upon his banner. Rev. J. S. Flipper, D. D., scholarly and refined, loyal and a "Georgia regular," and a man whose eyes are open to every movement of the great church to which he is connected. Rev. E. W. Lee, D. D., the great pastor and missionary, a man who is the pride of the entire connection and destined to take much higher ranks among his brethren. Rev. J. A. Lindsay, B. D., the "Black Talmage," a young man of letters a good writer and an accomplished pastor. Rev. R. R. Downs, D. D., a great expounder of the scripture, a ripe scholar and a successful presiding elder. Rev. A. Cooper fearless and courageous and a man of determination. Rev. A. A. B. Gibson, a man of letters and informntion. Revs. G. W. Alexander, D. D., T. N. M. Smith, J. B. Loften, E. P. Holmes, L. H. Smith, all of whom are able and worthy men—men who have every interest of the church at heart, and many others whom the writer has never had occasion to meet might be mentioned. Among the many Georgians who will see to it that the sixth district, under the leadership of Bishop Turner will not fall behind. Alabama with her corps of loyal men, standing like giant oaks in the forest will rally around him with their undivided efforts and force victory to the gate. Among them we might mention Rev. W. H. Nixon, A. M., a man of parts, courageous and earnest, Rev A. W. Atwater, bold, fearless and church loving, J. W. Walker, B. D., scholarly and refined, a polished pastor and preacher. Rev. F. B. Moorland, the sweet songster and hustling P. E., R. W. Fickland, pious, sweet in song and a successful preacher and pastor, Revs. F. H. Goodman, W. C. Bantum, T. Coffee, H. C. Calhoun, J. M. Gooloe, O. N. Fitzpatrick and a host of others whom the writer has not seen will be found discharging their whole duties along the lines mentioned above.

The eight district though deprived of that great man, Bishop Turner, is no less favored. The general conference did not nor could not honor the man who is now leading the eight Episcopal district, but in the election of Rev. Wm. B. Derrick, D. D., to the Episcopality, the church is honored and elevated, and the entire Negro race is blessed, No man before the religious and political public deserves more praise than this distinguished orator and sacrificing man.

He won his way into the hearts of the ministers of the Eighth Episcopal District long ere he was made bishop. The entire support of the brethren of this district was given to him in the General Conference. His appointment as bishop over Arkansas and Mississippi was hailed with joy by all of every creed and condition. Ovation after ovation is arranged for him wherever he goes. His eloquence has already won for him in "these parts" the title, "the greatest orator of the age." He has taken hold of the work in a manner to succeed. He says, "I camenot as a boss, but as a brother to lead with your help." When the historians of the future shall in bold relief, paint in glowing colors the great men of the nineteenth century, Rt. Rev. Wm. B. Derrick, D. D., will be placed side by side with the greatest of the great. As a preacher he is clear, logical, spiritual and powerful. As an orator, he is eloquent and pathetic, has but few equals and no superiors. As a champion of equal rights he is bold and fearless. As a Negro, he believes that the race has accomplished as much as should and could be expected, and that the future has in store every enjoyment and privilege for the race that are enjoyed by the white man; and that, it will take place in this country within the limits of the twentieth century. He has started out in a manner that shows him to be a model bishop. His pastorial address will go down in history as a great piece of church literature. Had it been written in the days of Paul and Timothy, it would have been honored with a place in the "book of books."

The district over which he has been called to preside is proud of him. Every effort will be put forth by her loyal men to make the district a success. The loyal and good men of my native state, Arkansas, are strainiug to eclipse the reports of any previous quadrenium. The West Conference: Rey. W. A. J. Phillips, the "prince of presiding elders," Rev. Cyrus Berry, "The old reliable," Rev. G. G. Baker, the missonary leader, Rev. W. H. Jones, the songster, and preacher, Rev. H. C. Beasley, the student and pastor, Rev. T. H. Jackson, D. D., the well-known theologian, Revs. D. K. Turner, J. E. Pennington, R. A. Sinquefield, W. E. Stone, W. L. Le Grand, G. W. McNeely, S. L. Winstead, E. M. Argyle, E. Carter and others are men of ability, and doing everything in their power to succeed. The South Conference Rev. J. I. Lowe, well-known to the General Conference as a debater and leader, Rev. F. B. Carolina, zealous and powerful, Rev. A. A. Wflliams, the man for education, Rev. H. H. King, the builder, pastor; Rev. E. Brown, the parlimentarian and orator, Rev. J. W. White sides, a man of push and a good preacher, and many others are bent to succeed. The Arkansas Conference: Rev. J. M. Murchison, B. D., scholarly and refined; Rev. J. M. Conner, S. T. B., the author and theologian, Rev. J. E. Neil, the missionary organizer, Rev. P. W. Wade, D. D., the eloquent preacher, Rev. G. W. Swan, J. W. Walker, W. C. Cox, and many others will prove themselves equal to the task thereby causing Bishop Derrick's work to "move forward."

The three Mississippi conferences will be found bringing up the rear. Rev. O. P. Ross, D. D., who came very near being called up higher, Rev. E. W. Lampton, the young giant and great Mason, Rev. A. J. Russell the modest pastor who never fails, Rev. W. F. Dangerfield, the banner presiding elder, Rev. J. W Watson, the songster and revivalist, Rev. E. R. Carter, the "stringer" of the state, Revs. L. M. Mitchell, A. Jackson, G. W. Parker, O. A. Douglass, H. M. Falley, S. R. Andrews, organizers and war horses, Revs. O. W. Chiles, J. G. Thompson, B. S., W. H. Coleman, D. D.; J. H. D. Robinson, A. H. Means, A. M., A. B. Paston, A. B., R. C. Holbrook, A. B., the men of letters, M. M. Mayo, S. W. White S. F. Randleson, J. A. Davis, the new presiding elders, with many others will be found night and day at their posts of duty working till victory is achieved with these two great and good men to lead, and this array of soldiers to follow, and the Southern Christian Recorder, edited by that pious gentleman, R. M. Cheeks, D. D., to advocate our cause, there will be nothing under heaven to keep us from succeeding and rolling up a better report than ever before in the history of our existence.

REV. J. G. ROBINSON,
Columbus, Miss.

REV. H. F. BRAY.
Pastor St. Paul A. M. E. Church, Danville, Ind. See sketch, 4th page.

REUNION OF THE U. S. C. T.

Officers Elected for the Ensuing Year—Local and Personal Notes.

Nobelsville, Ind., Special.

The annual reunion of the 28th U. S. C. T., met here last week. The chaplain being absent prayer was offered by Frances Jones, of Rockville, Ind. On motion they proceeded to elect officers. The following names were put in nomination: G. W. Dempsey. president; Vice President, Frances Jones; Secretary, T. H. Johnson; Treasurer, Charles Roberts; Chaplain, Rev. John Artis. The place of meeting was deferred until next session. The afternoon session was called to order at 2 p. m., by President Burton Stewart. After singing prayer was offered. Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, then came forward Judge Stone and delivered the welcome address in such well-cosen words that it made the hearts of the old soldiers leap for joy. He was ably responded to by Burton Stewart, of Terre Haute. At the close of the response "Marching Through Georgia" was sung. Mr. Landers was introduced and made a brief speech. Miss Lucy E. Stone delivered a very able and patriotic address: "The Appendix of Freedom," "Rally 'Round the Flag" was sung with vigor. Address by Lenora Carter, subject: "Battle of Lookout Mountains." Cap. Snow was introduced and made a brief speech, after which they adjourned until the night session.

The night session was called to order at 8 p. m. by the president. This being the occassion of the camp-fire Cap. Pedigo came forward with a very able address. A short speech was made by Judge Taylor. A call for "Marching Through Georgia was made and heartily sang, during which time a collection of $2.40 was taken up. At the late hour of ten the session adjourned to meet at 10 a. m., Thursday morning. The morning session was called to order by the president. The following sons and daughters were admitted to the regiment: Fred Carter, Fred Hord, Lucy B. Stone, Lenora Carter, Evaline Artis, Minnie Johnson, Morris B. Stewart, Lulu Lucas, Sally Lucas, William Boon, Marcus Gillium, Andrew Lucas. On motion the above names were accepted. Comrade Hicks came forward and made some very appropriate remarks, followed by Rev. John Artis and Francis Jones. Lost Creek was unanimously accepted as the next place to meet. Jacob F. Scholl volunteered his services as assistant secretary to look after the next reunion. Capt. Gray made a few timely remarks. Following him the chairman delivered, in his very eloquent. patriotic way, a speech which inspired his attentive listeners. L. S. Baldwin was then introduced and made some very timely remarks. Sargent Brown was introduced and was received with a hearty applause. Sargent Carter was introduced and timely were his remarks. Mrs. Negley then favored the audience with a beautiful solo, after which the adjournment was in order. The meeting closed by singing "My Country 'tis of Thee."

The afternoon session was devoted in electing the following committees: Program—Ben Stewart, W. H. Jones, J. J. Stewart. Time—J. J. Stewart, chairman. Entertainments—C. Roberts, chairman.

Tendered a Reception.

Hamilton, O., Special.

There was a select picnic given by Mrs. T. Sampson the 14th in honor of Mrs. A. J. Anderson. Mrs. Payne of Lockland, was the guest of Mrs. Hazard Sunday. There was a reception tendered Elder Gazaway, it being his last quarterly meeting in this year. J. Carroll was the recipient of a fine gold watch the 15th, presented to him on his 47th anniversary by his wife.

WORK OF NOTABLE WOMEN.

NUMBERS OF REAL MERITORIOUS PEOPLE UNKNOWN

To the World—Two Ideal Women of the Race who are Deserving of Especial Mention—What they Have Accomplished.

There are so many candidates for newspaper notices now-a-days that too often real meritorious people are unknown outside the circle of their usefulness. I very seldom take up the space of newspapers to tell about persons whom I have met. I prefer to talk about ideas and about persons only so far as they stand for something, either stand for some useful work or some useful idea.

The two Afro-American women whom I am about to introduce to your thousands of readers stand for great big, towering thought—ideals which link earth to heaven, love and charity. It is not generally known that Montgomery, Ala., has one of the best infirmaries in the south—an infirmary for colored people. Years ago there lived in the capitol city of Alabama one, James Hale, a plain, practical man, a carpenter, builder and contractor. By thrift, common sense, ability and frugality he collected quite a fortune. One child, a daughter, was sent as a blessing to his happy home. She was educated at Howard University, Washington, D. C., and married Rev. Dr. Ashe, of the Congregational church, who was, also, a graduate of one of our great eastern universities. Dr. Ashe died soon after and the young widow, still beautiful, cultured, refined, was sought and won by C. N. Dorsette, M. D., then as now one of the leading physicians in Alabama. Then came the death of Mrs. Dorsette followed soon by the death of the noble James Hale. The afflictions ripened into beautiful christian love for God's creatures and Mrs. Hale determined to do something out of the abundance of her noble, good heart and as a fitting memorial of her beloved dead. At the expense of several thousand dollars she constructed an infirmary on an elaborate plan which she now maintains at much cost. The citizens of Montgomery give something toward current expenses, but the greatest burdens are borne by this heroic christian woman who is fighting a great battle in her own way in the heart of the "black belt" of Alabama. While Mrs. Hale has the sympathy of all the people, still substantial support is lacking. Sympathy should be backed up by dollars in order, to be very effectual in relieving the needs of suffering mankind. The kitchen, dining room, some bed rooms and wards have been furnished by kind hearted friends, but there is pressing need of more help. But money is needed and this noble woman and her noble work must appeal to the christian world. A skilled nurse from Provident Hospital, Chicago, is employed. One of the most devoted woman to the interest of her race is Mrs. Lovell, the wife of the well known John Lovell, of Chattanooga, who, by the way, is a wealthy man. Mrs. Lovell is an Ohio woman who came south immediately after the war and taught under the auspices of Freedmens Aid Society. She is a woman of fair education, strong will power and "uncommon good common sense." Her work among the women of Cattanooga is not surpassed by the work of any other woman in the south; although her praise has not been sounded from the house top. Unlike many of the women whose names appear in public print Mrs. Lovell's work far exceed her praise. By her own efforts among the charitable societies of Chattanooga the women of the I. O. I., have the best, most convenient and nicest furnished hall in the south. In addition to all of this they have more than one thousand dollars in cash on hand. All this through the leadership of this good woman who, herself, is educated, refined and wealthy, she is, also, a staunch member of the M. E. church.

Think of these women of wealth, full of race love and pride, unselfishly devoting their time and talents to lifting up their struggling brothers and sisters. Instead of standing aloof and mocking their ignorance they seek the needy, lowly and ignorant, put their arms around them and lift them up. There are many other noble women of the race scattered over the south. True, they are seldom or never heard of, their pictures never appear in papers and magazines, but they are doing more real good than those whose names and faces are constantly held up to public gaze.

REUBEN RAY.

Will Build a New Church.

Fayetteville, Tenn., Special.

The movement to close the public school did not carry. The school moves gently on. Mrs. H. B. McChristian took a flying trip to Shelbyville last week to see after some business matters. Mr. C. M. Summerford was in town Saturday and reports his school in excellent trim. Miss Mammie G. Huffman, the popular musician of our city has a good summer school The Baptist contemplate rebuilding soon. A large and an appreciative audience assembled last Sunday night at the A. M. church to hear the pastor on the "Blessed Assurance." Mr. Henry White visited his old home, Pulaski, last week. He took with him his prize, the little girl who abandoned her white mistress (?) here a few weeks ago. The dumb wedding promises to be a swell affair. Rev. Jones of the A. M. E. church has a movement on foot to hold a union meeting with some neighboring churches early in September. The dedication of the A. M. E. church is looked forward to with much interest by the members. It takes place on the fifth SundayMrs. J. A. Jones is visiting riends in Shelbyville.

FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD

COMES WORDS OF COMFORT AND GOOD CHEER.

The Freeman Leads the Van, Others Must Follow—What a Few of its Many Readers Say—A Growing Demand for It.

MAR'ON, Ky., July 28, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed is a money order of $1, for which send me The Freeman for one year, beginning August 1st. I saw in an issue that you would send a portrait of Douglass or a Proclamation to each subscriber. I have one of each, and I would prefer, if you would send me, "Gems from Poets." I would like to have a book of that kind for my school. This is only a renewal for The Freeman, my time having expired last Christmas. Yours for the advancement of the Negro race.

TONEY HUGHES.

⁂

HOUMA, La., July 28, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed you will find $1 to pay for A. C. Kane, a new subscriber. Yours truly,

I. H. POWELL.

⁂

CINCINNATI, O., July 29, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—I herewith send you $1. My year is about up and I wish to renew my subscription to your valuable journal, and also avail myself of your mid-summer reduction rates I think any one who takes a newspaper at all, should always have The Freeman first. Respectfully yours,

MRS. LOU G. POLK,
711 Hopkins street.

⁂

SMITHFIELD, Ky., July 28, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed you'll find 85 cents, for which please send me The Freeman for six months.

Yours, REV. J. M. CALDWELL.

⁂

JACKSON, Tenn., July 22, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed find $1 as subscription for The Freeman; I can't see how any progressive citizen, regardless of color can do without it.

Respectfully, J. B. DICKSON.

⁂

DES MOINES, Ia.,

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed you will find $1 for subscription for the next year. Respectfully,

JOHN E. CARPENTER,
614 Chestnut street.

⁂

SYKES MILLS, Ala., July 27, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Please find enclosed $1 for The Freeman for one year. commencing with the July number, and also the Emancipation Proclamation as premium. Yours very truly,

W. T. HARRIS.

⁂

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 29, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed find $1 to renew my subscription to The Freeman. I think you have been very indulgent with me, as my subscription was out some time ago. It was nothing but negligence that I did not send it sooner, for I intended to do so some time ago. The Freeman is my old companion and I have been reading it too long to stop now. You can always count on me, no matter how much I owe for it. I will try to send two or three subscriptions in a few days.

Yours truly, R. H. WILSON,
208 North College street,

⁂

JACKSON, Mich., July 27, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Sir, enclosed find $1 for The Freeman and the Proclamation; have read the paper for some time, and appreciate its talent. I see that you offer the paper with the proclamation for $1. We are on the eve of having Emancipation exercises, and thought the proclamation would be very appropriate for the occasion.

Yours for the race,
J. THOMAS, No. 626.
Jackson, Mich.

⁂

MILAN, Tenn., July 27, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—You will find enclosed 50 cents; please send me The Freeman. Yours respectfully,

JOHN DEBERRY.

⁂

GREENSBURY, La., July 27, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed you will find the sum of $1 for the renewal of my subscription to The Freeman for another year. Your anxious reader,

REV. S. J. CHANNEL.

⁂

MARYDELL, Miss., July 25, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—You notified me that my time has expired, and to renew my subscription to The Freeman. I have been intending to renew for some time, but failed to. Please excuse my negligence, and find enclosed postal note for $1 to pay my subscription for 1896. Yours for success,

H. S. MCGEE.

⁂

HOUSTON, Tex., July 28, '96.

EDITOR FREEMAN:—Enclosed find $1 for renewal of my subscription to your valuable journal, The Freeman. Excuse long delay in remitting.

Respectfully, J. W. RANKIN, D. D.
317 Andrews street.

Instillation of Officers.

Palestine, Tex., Special.

The receiver of the Palestine Power and Water company served notice on consumers of water, that all water would be cut off except for fire protection. Mrs. E. D. Hester and Mr. N. H. Young are on the sick list. Mr. J. Browning is having a neat cottage built. Mr. J. Mosley, contractor and builder is doing the work. The twelfth birthday of Declara Riley was celebrated at her home on Grove street 15th inst. Refreshments were served and all went as merry as a bell. We wish her many happy birthdays. Prof. A. Coffin passed through our town Monday a. m., on his way to Alcorn University. He has been spending his vacation in Mexico. Rev. J W. Lewis has returned from Rusk where he has been attending the district school convention. Installation of officers of Anciant Order of Pilgrims took place at Library Hall Sunday evening. The following officers were installed: J. W. Knox, W. S; Mrs. Mary Green, V., S.; B. G. Knox, W. R.; Miss Minnie Burr, W. C.; Mrs. Winnie Joe, S. U.; Mrs. M. Dixon, P.; Mrs. Rosy Williams, C.; Mrs. I. Browning, J. U.; Mrs. O Knox, I.; C. T. Turner, S. Trusteens T. Smith, N. Young, and W. M. Wren, thirty-two members enrolled. W. B. Crawford has done good work in this city. The organization is composed of some of our best citizens. Elder Brown has not closed his meeting, he is still waging war against evil doers. Rev. G. Grimes has closed the protracted meeting at Mt. Vernon A. M. E. church. Many were added to the church. Miss Anna Grimes will leave in a few days for Dallas where she will visit friends until September. District conference at St. Paul M. E. church Aug. 19th, Rev. W. A. Fortson, P. E., Rev. A. Williams pastor.

Mr. H. Stanton has been elected to represent the U. B. F. at the grand lodge which meets at Dallas. Mock fruit palace at the tent on the 14th. The first birthday of Thomas Hall, Jr., was a pretty affair—twenty babies and their mothers were in attendance. Dr. F. F. McClellan has been elected to represent the A. O. of P. which meets at Houston on the 25th inst. The Dr. will combine business with pleasure as that is the date of our state fair. The examination for scholarship to fill vacancies at Prairie View Normal will occur at the court house on the 22nd. Prof. S. A. D. McClellan left Monday for Longview and other points north. He will begin his school the first Monday in September as principal of Texarkana high school. Prepare for the fair and Baptist Sunday school convention which was held at Galveston on the 19th. Mr. Geo McMeam has returned from Austin where he has been attending the grand session of Odd Fellows. The attendance was very large.

The Phyllis Wheatley Club.

The following address was delivered by Miss L. C. Williams before the Phyllis Wheatley Club, Wednesday August 5th:

"Dear members here assembled—As I stand before you this question forcibly presents itself—"What is Our Object?" In other words, "What are We Here for?" I hope not for social pleasure; time is too precious, and talent too sacred a boon, the one to be wasted, the other to lay dormant. We must take every advantage of one and use the other. The statement, "The harvest is ripe and the laborers are few," is an undeniable fact; I read it by the glaring light of a busy day; I hear it sung on the waters of a quiet night; to be idle is to be develish, and to be useful is Godly. Then let us be useful; let us up and away to our labors; not our occupations, which is our means of support, but out to the labors of the nineteenth century. We must work for God, ourselves, humanity. Work to build up the masses of our people. Let us from this very evening resolve to make the future brighter than has been the past, than is the present. We bear the name of Phyillis Wheatley, who when a fettered slave with her pen touched the attention of him who was more than human, if man has ever been such, the famous George Washington. Let us do even more; let us by our labors for humanity, by our efforts to stimulate virtue and crush out vice, attract the attention of Him who is lord of lords and king of kings.

These remarks were followed by prayer, after which the club took up its evening work, which was mainly the election of officers for the ensuing year, which resulted as follows: Miss L. C. Williams, president; Mrs. K. C. Lewis, recording secretary; Mrs. L. C. Carter vice president; Mrs. H. C. Wallace, corresponding secretary; Mr. John Pope, treasurer; Mrs. Ida C. Lewis, editor. Subject for discussion at the next meeting, "Our Aims and Our Needs." MISS L. C. WILLIAMS,
Greenville, Miss.

How a Woman Paid Her Debts.

A lady in Lexington, says: I am out of debt, and thanks to the Dishwasher business. In the past six weeks I have made $530.00. Every housekeeper wants a Dishwasher, and any intelligent person can sell them with big profit to himself. The Dishwasher is lovely; you can wash and dry the family dishes in two minutes and without wetting your hands. You can get full particulars by addressing the Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo. There is big money in the business for an agent. I expect to clear $4,000 the coming year. I need the money, why not make it?

MISS C. E.

TO CURE HEADACHES.

Simple Remedies That Will Bring Speedy Relief to Sufferers.

"A hot bath, a stroll in the fresh air, shampooing the head in weak soda water or a timely nap in a cool, quiet room will sometimes stop a nervous headache," writes Dr. B. F. Herrick in Ladies' Home Journal. "When overfatigued from shopping or sightseeing, a sponge dipped in very hot water and pressed repeatedly over the back of the neck between the ears will be found exceedingly refreshing, especially if the face and temples are afterward subjected to the same treatment. Neuraliga is caused not only by cold air, but by acidity of the stomach, starved nerves, imperfect teeth or by indolence combined with a too generous diet. Heat is the best and quickest cure for this distressing pain. A hot flatiron, passed rapidly and deftly over several folds of flannel laid on the affected spot, will often give relief in less than ten minutes without the aid of medicine. Hot fomentations are of equal value, though when the skin is very tender it is more advisable to use dry heat, nothing being better for the purpose than bags of heated salt, flour or sand, which retain warmth for a long time. Cold water, applied by the finger tips to the nerves in front of the ear, has been known to dispel neuralgic pains like magic. When caused by acidity, a dose of charcoal or soda will usually act as a corrective. Sick headache is accompanied by bilious symptoms, and attacks usually come on when the person is overtired or below par physically. This is a disease of the first half of life and often stops of its own accord after middle age. A careful diet is imperative in every case, sweetmeats and pastry being especially pernicious.

"Eating heartily when very tired, late dinners, eating irregularly, insufficient mastication or too much animal food, especially in the spring or during the hot weather, is a frequent cause of indigestion, causing headaches by reflex action."

A FORGOTTEN CHAPEL.

It Was Walled Up In the Vatican Despite Its Beautiful Decorations.

The oldest decorated walls in the palace are those by Fra Angelico in the chapel of Nicholas. For some reason or other this chapel at one time ceased to be used, the door was walled up, and the very existence of the place was forgotten. In the last century Bottari, having read about it in Vasari, set to work to find it, and at last got into it through the window which looks upon the roof of the Sistine chapel. The story, which is undoubtedly true, gives an idea of the vastness of the palace, and certainly suggests the possibility of more forgotten treasures of art shut up in forgotten rooms.

One other such at least there is. High up in the Borgia tower, above the stanze of Raphael, is a suit of rooms once inhabited by Cardinal Bibbiena, of the Chigi family, and used since then by more than one assistant secretary of state. There is a small chapel there, with a window looking upon an inner court, which was once the luxurious cardinal's bathroom, and was beautifully painted by Raphael in fresco, with mythological subjects. In 1835, according to Crowe and Cavalcaselle, Passavant saw it as it had originally been, with the frescos, though much damaged, still beautiful, and the marble bath still in its place in a niche painted with river gods. In one of the vatican's periodical fits of prudery the frescoes were completely hidden with a wooden wainscot, the bathtub was taken away and the room was turned into a chapel. It is believed, however, that the paintings still exist behind their present covering.—F. Marion Crawford in Century.

Flowers That Cheered Not.

His "man" is not a well trained example of British imperturbability, but a boy from the southern plantation where he himself was born and bred. Consequently there are frequent interchanges of confidence between master and servant, and the former has the advantage of the latter's unbiased judgment and undirected action on many subjects. The other day the employee was ordered to purchase and carry flowers to a certain lady who was ill. In the course of a few days came her thanks for "the bunch of immortelles so thoughtfully if not cheeringly sent," whereupon the nominal sender of the funereal offering summoned his agent, and, with choice invective, demanded to know why immortelles had been taken to a sick woman.

"Well, Marse Sewell," explained the purchaser of the posy, "you say git anything thet's purty. Dese year wah purty, en de man say dey last fur evah, en I calc'lated dat deys cheap enuff so's I can pay de laundry wif de change. I'm shuh I thought I wuz actin fuh de bes'." And the employer reflected on the disadvantages of having a servant with views of his own.—New York Journal.

The Chance of a Lifetime.

"It is said," he remarked reflectively, "that women's hands are growing larger."

"Yes?" she returned inquiringly.

"Yes," he asserted, "and the worst of it is that there is every likelihood that this tendency will continue."

"Yes?" she said in the same inquiring tone.

"Yes," he repeated. "You see, the bicycle and golf and tennis and other sports that women have recently taken up are responsible for it."

"In that case," she said, with a glance at her own dainty hands, "you'd better speak quick if you want a small one."

He realized that it was the opportunity of a lifetime, and he spoke promptly.—Chicago Post.

A Difference of Opinion.

Nell—What a breezy young man Mr. Closefist is!

Belle—Breezy! I haven't seen him blowing in anything.—Philadelphia Record.

SPIRIT OF FLOWERS.

SWEET EGLANTINE!

QUEEN OF HAIR LOTIONS.

Like Old Gold . .

It is beautiful; LIKE THE DIAMOND, it is BRILLIANT where others are dull; like MOTHER'S LOVE, it never disappoints you.

SWEET EGLANTINE!

This unapproachable HAIR DRESSING, DANDRUFF ERADICATOR and SCALP HEALER, now for the FIRST TIME announced for sale in America, has been for ages the sole secret and property of the ROYAL FAMILY and NOBILITY OF MADAGASCAR, those fine-featured members of the dark-skinned races of the earth, whose luxuriant hair (note Queen Ranavolona) has for centuries given them an unique standing among the races made famous by Byron's beautiful description of "The Land of the East."

At great expense and much trouble it is now for the first time placed within the reach of the citizens of America. If you desire to dress your hair as you have *often wished you might*, if you are *troubled with dandruff*, with an *itching scalp*, feverish and *blotched* with a *dry substance resembling scales;* have you tender spots on your scalp; is *your hair stubborn, bristly;* does it *curl and draw up* despite the efforts of *brush, comb and elbow grease* to make it *pliable, soft* and *glossy;* is it of a *dull, dead color*, lusterless, lifeless; can't you curl it if you desire, or brush it straight when you are anxious to do so; in a word, do you desire

The Richest and Best Hairdressing on Earth?

—THEN SEND FOR—

EGLANTINE!

SWEET EGLANTINE!
BRIGHT EGLANTINE!
FAIR EGLANTINE!
RICH EGLANTINE!
BEST EGLANTINE!
TRUE EGLANTINE!
PURE EGLANTINE!

RANAVOLONA,
QUEEN OF MADAGASCAR.

THE LAND OF THE EAST.

"Know ye the land where the cypress and myrtle
Are emblems of deeds that are done in their clime?
Where the rage of the vulture, the love of the turtle,
Now melt into sorrow, now madden to crime?
Know ye the land of the cedar and vine,
Where the flowers ever blossom, the beams ever shine;
Where the light wings of zephyr, oppress'd with perfume,
Wax faint o'er the gardens of Gul in her bloom;
Where the citron and olive are fairest of fruit,
And the voice of the nightingale never is mute;
Where the tints of the earth, and the hues of the sky,
In color though varied, in beauty may vie,
And the purple of ocean is deepest in dye;
Where the virgins are soft as the roses they twine,
And all save the spirit of man is divine?
'Tis the clime of the East; 'tis the land of the Sun—"
The home of the brave, and SWEET EGLANTINE!

ONE TRIAL IS SUFFICIENT! HAS NO RIVALS! STANDS ALONE!

PRICES—One Bottle, 50 cents; Three Bottles, $1.25; Six Bottles, $2.50. No GOODS SENT C. O. D. Address all orders

HAIR CULTURIST MANUFACTURING CO.

128 WEST VERMONT STREET, - - - - - - INDIANAPOLIS, IND., U. S. A.

Send money by Money Order, Registered Letter, or Express. Stamps taken.

CAUTION—SWEET EGLANTINE is manufactured and sold in America solely by the HAIR CULTURIST MANUFACTURING COMPANY. Any representation to the contrary is *unauthorized*, and the culprits once detected will be *handled* by the law.

Normal and Agricultural Institute, Hampton, Va.

—ARMSTRONG & SLATER—

MEMORIAL TRADE SCHOOL.

A new trade school building to cost, with equipment, $40,000, is to be erected and opened in October, '96. Bricklaying, Carpentry, Blacksmithing, Painting, Wheelwrighting and Machinist trades. Board, room and washing, $10 per month. No charge for tuition For further information and trade circular apply to

H. B. Frissel, Principal, Hampton, Virginia.

—THE GREAT—

Madagascan Improved Hair GROWER

Leaves no bad effects behind after use. No danger of an injured scalp. Instead of weakening, it strengthens and nourishes the roots of the hair, thus insuring rapid growth of the hair.

The Madagascan Improved Hair Grower

Will cause the hair to grow where there is none; thick hair when thin; long hair when short, and causes hair to grow on the temples. Cures all scalp diseases. One trial is sufficient. It will vindicate at once and complete the highest expectations of its wonderful qualities. Nothing beginning to equal it in real efficacy in all the merits claimed for it, has ever been offered to the American people until now. No lady or gentleman having use for such a remedy, harmless but great, need not be without it.

Price, sent to any address, $1.00 per bottle; three bottles, $2.50; six bottles, $5.00. Address all orders to the

Hair Culturst Manufacturing Co.

128 W. Vermont St.,

INDIANAPOLIS, - - INDIANA.

No goods sent C. O. D. Send by money order, registered letter or express. Stamps taken.

THE MEDICAL SCHOOL

OF THE NEW

ORLEANS UNIVERSITY ADMITS

Men and Women of all Races.

$30. Seventh Year, opens Sept., 16th.

Well Equipped, Thorough Instruction.

Address 1566 Canal Street.

NEW ORLEANS, - - - LOUISIANA

—TEA MADE OF—

Jaborandi Leaves and Stems

Will restore a growth of hair on bald heads, and in most cases the color to gray hair.

PRICE 75c PER PACKAGE.

CITROUS SALTS will cure obesity. It is harmless. Price, 40c per 40 doses. Glue silver money to cardboard or send postage stamps. Anti-Freckle Lotion Co., Springfield, Ohio.

LOOK! ALL NATIONS

Turn Your Eyes This Way and See Nature's Own Production.

THE GREAT PORTO-RICO FACE BLEACH.

It has been a great wonder why these people have such fair skin and bright complexion. It is by using the Great Porto-Rico Face Bleach. A hidden mystery now revealed to the United States. Is your face freckled, sun-burnt, disfigured with small pox, or ring-worms? If so send for one bottle. Price 75 cents. Enclose money order. We do not take checks or stamps. Address PORTO RICO FACE BLEACH COMPANY, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

NEW YORK, N. Y., Oct. 21, '95.—Porto Rico Face Bleach Co. Dear Sirs:—I am pleased to say that one bottle of Porto Rico Face Bleach has removed from my face two scars which were the result of being burnt five years ago. I will gladly be one of your agents in this precinct. Respectfully, SALLIE RICHER, 721 M. W. St.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 18, 1895. Porto Rico Face Bleach Co. Gentlemen:—I am overjoyed to inform you that Porto Rico has removed freckles from my face. It is now two shades brighter soft and clear. REV. MRS. MILLER.

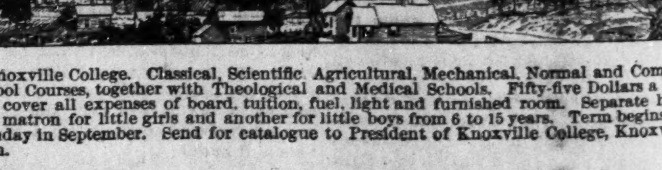
Write for circulars if you want to be an agent. No goods sent C. O. D. No free samples. We also carry THE GREAT AFRICAN WONDER. Remember that this preparation is not to straighten the hair. It will stop the hair from falling out. Restore it on the temples. It is a sure cure for tetter. Ladies would you have your hair black, long and soft? If so nothing in the United States will do it like the Great African Hair Wonder. Hear what they who have used it say. Large commission given to agents. Price of Hair Wonder 50 cents. We also carry the Great African Blood Cleanser. This is a wonderful Blood Tonic. Often the hair will not grow because of impure blood. PRICE 75 CENTS A BOTTLE.

NASHVILLE, TENN., April 22, '96.—Dr. Lewis:—Your African Wonder has gained a wide circulation here. My hair has been worn off at the temples for over two years and I have bought a good many so-called hair restorers, but none equals yours. From the time I commenced to use it until now my hair is fast growing back. I can reccomend it. JENNIE WILLIAMS, 124 N. Cherry St.

BEFORE AFTER

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 23, '95.—Dr. Lewis:—The African Wonder has produced the hair on my temples that was all away by the aid of one bottle of Blood Cleanser. I remain yours,

MRS. LEE.



Knoxville College. Classical, Scientific Agricultural, Mechanical, Normal and Common School Courses, together with Theological and Medical Schools. Fifty-five Dollars a Year will cover all expenses of board, tuition, fuel, light and furnished room. Separate home and matron for little girls and another for little boys from 6 to 15 years. Term begins last Monday in September. Send for catalogue to President of Knoxville College, Knoxville, Tenn.

THE FIDELITY

Saving and Loan Association,

Now In Its Fourth Year.

We Invest Your Money for you. It pays you 10 per cent. The only Institution in the State Managed by colored men. Correspondence Solicited. Chas. A. Webb, President; Wm. M. Lewis. Secretary. W. W. Christy, Treasurer. Dues 55c per week. Shares $300.

184 Indiana Avenue. : : : : INDIANAPOLIS, IND

RACE GLEANINGS.

Afro-Americans have started an ice business in Philadelphia which is prospering nicely.

Lew Johnson's Minstrels are traveling through the mountains of California, meeting with splendid success.

Benjamin F. McClellan of Tallulah, La., has received the appointment of a cadet to the Military Academy at West Point.

Hon. Albert S. White and Rev. J. H. Frank of Louisville, Ky., have been commissioned notaries public by Governor Bradley.

Madame Sissieretta Jones will star in her own company this season. The company will be known as the Black Patti Troubadors.

There were three colored delegates attending the Populist convention. These were C. W. Buford from Colorado, S. D. Walton, from Georgia, and James Beck from Kansas.

There was a meeting of the bishops of the A. M. E. Zion church at Asbury Park, N. J., to arrange the preliminaries for the Centennial for their church to be held in New York in September.

Will H. Sparrow, a young colored man was recently promoted to the foremanship of the New York Tribune. Mr. Sparrow learned the printing business in the office of the Tribune and came originally from Norfolk, Va.

Rev. M. W. Dogan, A. B., A. M., a graduate of Rust University, and for several years a teacher in Central Tennesee College, Nashville, has been appointed president of Wiley University, Marshall, Tex.

L. C. Moore of Mississippi, who is now an employee of the Treasury Department at Washington, D. C., has written some very popular poetry on the silver question, entitled the "Silver Train."

At Elizabethtown, Ky., the unusual spectacle of a white man being sold at auction was witnessed by the Court House habitues recently. He brought $12.75 and his services remain at the disposal of the purchaser until that amount is satisfied.

At the convention of the Negro National Democratic League in Chicago, August 13th, the following officers were elected: A. E. Manning, of Indianapolis, Ind., president; Col. A. Rideout, of Washington, vice president; W. A. Clark, of Chicago, secretary; W. E. Johnson, treasurer, and W. T. Scott of Cairo, Ill., chairman of executive committee.

Mrs. Parnell has sailed for Ireland. She disposed of the famous Ironsides mansion and lands, near Philadelphia, comprising 215 acres to a syndicate, presumably to provide a site for the state industrial school for colored youths. The price was $32,000 including a mortgage of $7,000.

The first African Christian Endeavor Society was organized January 6, 1896, in the Republic of Liberia. Since then seven new societies were organized in various parts of the country among different denominations. The endeavor societies of Africa now number nearly four hundred members.

Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the Afro-American poet, who was recently honored by receiving a most favorable criticism from the pen of William Dean Howells, America's greatest novelist, is at present in New York, where he is arranging for the publication of some Negro melodies of his composition.

Rev. Ernest Lyons, of New York, pastor of St. Mark's church, has been selected by the National Committee to manage the campaign among the colored Republicans. Rev. Lyons is one of the best educated of New York's clergy. He has established his headquarters at the Albany Colored Republican Club, 118 W. Thirty-first street, where he will begin an aggressive campaign.

The largest gathering of colored people ever assembled in northern New York met at Penn Yan, on the 4th inst., to celebrate the thirty-third anniversary of the issuance of the proclamation of emancipation. There were about 15,000 strangers in the village, and many of the buildings, public and private, were decorated in honor of the occasion. The celebration is given every year under the auspices of an association made up of colored citizens from all of the surrounding towns. Charles W. Anderson, chief clerk of the State Treasurer's office, was orator of the day.

Extensive preparations are being made for the Centennial celebration of the organization of the A. M. E. Zion church at N. Y. and Carnegie Hall has been engaged for a two week's carnival in September. There will be a grand chorus of 400 voices under the direction of Will M. Cook, of Washington, D. C. On this occasion will be sung for the first time the national Negro anthem composed by Mr. Cook. Some of the leading singers of the race, including Miss Flora Batson, Sissieretta Jones and Sydney Woodward will take part.

A Chance to Make Money.

I have berries, grapes and peaches, a year old, fresh as when picked. I use the California Cold process, do not heat or seal the fruit, just put it up cold, keeps perfectly fresh, and costs almost nothing; can put up a bushel in ten minutes. Last week I sold directions to over 120 families; anyone will pay a dollar for directions, when they see the beautiful samples of fruit. As there are many people poor like myself, I consider it my duty to give my experience to such, and feel confident any one can make one or two hundred dollars, round home in a few days. I will mail sample of fruit and complete directions to any of your readers, for eighteen two cent stamps, which is only the actual cost of the samples, postage, etc., to me.

FRANCIS CASEY, St. Louis, Mo.
7-25-13t.

Ice Cream Now Made in a Minute.

I have an ice cream freezer that will freeze cream perfectly in one minute; as it is such a wonder a crowd will always be around so any one can make from $5 to $6 a day selling cream, and from $10 to $20 a day selling freezers, as people will always buy an article when it is demonstrated that they can make money by so doing. The cream is frozen instantly and is smooth and free from lumps. I have done so well myself and have friends succeeding so well that I felt it my duty to let others know of this opportunity, as I feel confident that any person in any locality can make money, as any person can sell cream and the freezer sells itself. W. H. Baird & Co., 140 South Highland Ave. Station A., Pittsburg, Pa., will mail you complete instructions and will employ you on salary, if you can give them your whole time.

FASTEST TIME TO THE WEST.

Commencing Sunday, May 10, the Missouri Pacific Ry., will put on a new fast train between St. Louis and Wichita and immediate stations. This train will be known as "The Kansas and Nebraska Limited," and will leave St. Louis daily at 8:10 p. m.. arriving next morning at Atchison 6:00 a. m., St. Joseph, 7:00 a. m., Omaha 11:50 a. m., Ft. Scott 6:25 a. m., Carthage 7:00 a. m., Joplin 8:20 a. m., Wichita 6:50 p. m.

This train will be first-class in every particular, consisting of Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars and Palace Reclining Cars. No extra charge will be made on this fast train. From St. Louis to nearly all the principal points in the West, this is the best train service which has been offered to the public. Coke Alexander, District Passenger Agent, Indianapolis, Ind.

A Good Chance for You to Make Big Money.

We want men, women, boys and girls to act as agents and look after the trade and distribution of a large line of useful and staple articles. Experience is not required. Agents will be assisted along in their work, and as they advance we will promote and encourage them in other departments of work if desired. Write at once (naming this paper) enclosing a two-cent stamp for particulars. Stewart's Laboratories of Applied Science. Box 831. Kalamazoo, Mich.

Street Cars From C. H. & D. Depot at Cincinnati.

At Cincinnati the Baymiller Electric Street Car Line leaves the Sixth street entrance of the Depot, running up Sixth street to all parts of the city. The East End Electric starts from the Fifth street entrance, running up Fourth street to all parts of the city, including the extreme East End, passing the Penna Station. The Third and Fourth street Horse Car Line leaves the Fifth street entrance, passing the Central Depot,

Excursion to Cincinnati Aug. 8th.

On account of the grand Bicycle parade through the streets of Cincinnati, and the national circuit races at Chester park, agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railway at points between Hamilton and Indianapolis, will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return at xtremely low rates. Tickets will be good going on morning train Aug. 8th, and good to return until Sunday, Aug. 9th. Full information on application to agents of the C., H. & D. railway.

FIRST-CLASS STEAMBOAT SERVICE

Between Detroit and Cleveland, and Cleveland Put-in-Bay and Toledo.

D. & C. Floating Palaces are now running daily between Detroit and Cleveland, and on May 1st will commence to run daily between Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo. If you are traveling between the above points, take advantage of a water trip and save money.

Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

The Poorest Man in The World.

Can write to me and receive by return mail, in a plain envelope, sealed, free, a prescription with full directions for a speedy, permanent and private home cure for Lost Manhood, Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Night Losses, Varicocele, etc. I will furnish the medicine, if desired, cheaper than it would be put up at a drug store. Address G. B. Wright, box No. 1205, Marshall, Mich.

Notice!

The Indiana Annual Conference meets in Muncie, Ind., Sept. 2nd. Clergyman and presiding elders who may have or will have persons seeking admission to conference will notify me at once. A failure to do this may be of considerable inconvenience. Address

H. E. STEWART,
1020 E. Jackson St., Muncie, Ind.

HEADACHE cured in 20 minutes by Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose." At druggists

HEBE'S GRATITUDE.

HOW SHE REMEMBERED THE MAN WHO CURED HER FOOT.

The Story Told by a Veterinary Surgeon Who Early In His Career Had One of Barnum's Elephants For a Patient—A A Trying Ordeal.

I was a full, fledged M. D. once and never should have thought of adopting my present profession if it hadn't been for a queer accident which occurred when I first hung out my shingle.

I had a rich neighbor, a man I was bound to propitiate, and the very first call I had, after days of waiting for patients who didn't come, was to his barn to see what was the matter with his sick mare. I cured the mare and took in my shingle, for from that day to this I've never prescribed for a human being. I had won a reputation as a veterinary surgeon and had to stick to it. But that's neither here nor there, only if you think animals can't show gratitude and affection perhaps you'll change your mind.

When I had been in practice a year or two, I sent for my brother Dick. He was a wonderful chap with all kinds of animals, and I thought perhaps I could work out of my part of it and leave that for him. I never did, for Dick's a cotton broker in New York now, and I should have to begin all over again to make a first rate physician. But that's what I meant to be then.

The next day after Dick came I got a telegram from P. T. Barnum. I'd been down there once or twice to his own stable, and he had a good deal of faith in me. The dispatch was:

"Hebe has hurt her foot. Come at once."

Hebe was a favorite elephant—a splendid creature, and worth a small fortune.

Well, I confess I hesitated. I distrusted my own ability and dreaded the result. But Dick was determined to go, and go we did. When we got out of the cars, Barnum himself was there with a splendid pair of matched grays. He eyed me very dubiously.

"I'd forgotten you were such a little fellow," he said in a discouraged tone. "I'm afraid you can't help her."

His distrust put me on my mettle.

"Mr. Barnum," said I, getting into the carriage, "if it comes to a hand to hand fight between Hebe and me I don't believe an extra foot or two of height would help me any."

He laughed outright, and began telling how the elephant was hurt. She had stepped on a small bit of iron and it had penetrated the tender part of the foot. She was in intense agony and almost wild with pain.

Long before we reached the inclosure in which she was we could hear her piteous trumpeting, and when we entered we found her on three legs, swinging the hurt foot slowly backward and forward and uttering long cries of anguish. Such dumb misery in her looks—poor thing!

Even Dick quailed now.

"You can never get near her," he whispered. "She'll kill you, sure."

Her keeper divined what he said.

"Don't you be afraid, sir," he called out to me. "Hebe's got sense."

I took my instruments from Mr. Barnum.

"I like your pluck, my boy," he said heartily, but I own that I felt rather queer and shaky as I went up to the huge beast.

The men employed about the show came around us curiously, but at a respectful and eminently safe distance, as I bent down to examine the foot.

While I was doing so as gently as I could I felt, to my horror, a light touch on my hair. It was as light as a woman's, but as I turned and saw the great trunk behind me it had an awful suggestiveness.

"She's only curling your hair," sang out the keeper. "Don't mind her."

"I shall have to cut, and cut deep," said I by way of reply.

He said a few words in some lingo, which were evidently intended for the elephant's understanding only. Then he shouted with the utmost coolness:

"Cut away!"

The man's faith inspired me. There he stood, quite unprotected, directly in front of the great creature, and quietly jabbered away to her as if this were an everyday occurrence.

Well, I made one gash with the knife. I felt the grasp on my hair tighten perceptibly, yet not ungently. Cold drops of perspiration came out all over me.

"Shall I cut again?" I managed to call out.

"Cut away," came again the encouraging response.

This stroke did the work. The abscess was lanced. We sprayed out the foot, packed it with oakum and bound it up. The relief must have been immediate, for the grasp on my hair relaxed, the elephant drew a long, almost human, sigh, and—well, I don't know what happened next, for I fainted dead away Dick must have finished the business and picked up me and my tools. I was as limp as a rag.

It must have been a year and a half after this happened that I was called to western Massachusetts to see some fancy horses. Barnum's circus happened to be there. You may be sure that I called to inquire for my distinguished patient.

"Hebe's well and hearty, sir," the keeper answered me. "Come in and see her. She'll be glad to see you."

"Nonsense," said I, though I confess I had a keen curiosity to see if she would know me as I stepped into the tent.

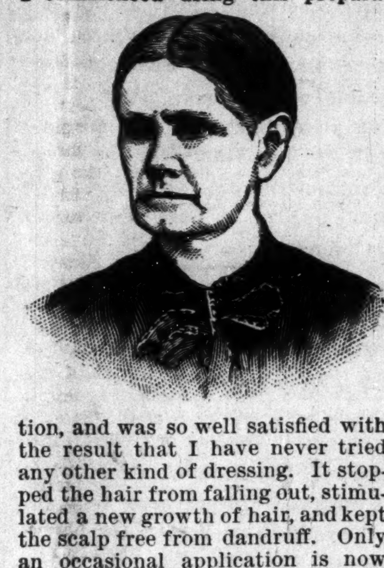
There she stood, the beauty, as well as ever. For a moment she looked at me indifferently, then steadily and with interest. She next reached out her trunk and laid it caressingly first on my shoulder and then on my hair—how vividly her touch brought back to my mind the cold shivers I endured at my introduction to her!—and then she slowly lifted up her foot, now whole and healthy, and showed it to me. That's the sober truth.—Chicago News.

TURNING GRAY AND THREATENED WITH BALDNESS

The Danger is Averted by Using

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray and began falling out so rapidly that I was threatened with immediate baldness. Hearing Ayer's Hair Vigor highly spoken of, I commenced using this prepara-



tion, and was so well satisfied with the result that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It stopped the hair from falling out, stimulated a new growth of hair, and kept the scalp free from dandruff. Only an occasional application is now needed to keep my hair of good, natural color. I never hesitate to recommend any of Ayer's medicines to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, Avoca, Neb.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Removes Pimples.

SANTAL-MIDY. In 48 hours Gonorrhoea and discharges from the urinary organs, arrested by Santal Midy Capsules without inconvenience Price $1. of ALL Druggists, or P. O. Box 2081, New York. MIDY

Mention The Freeman.

Dr. Kay's Renovator It purifies and enriches the blood and is the best NERVE TONIC yet discovered.

Kidneykura a specific for rheumatism and Kindey Diseases.

BUSINESS MEDIUM.

MRS. MARTH, the world renowned and highly celebrated business and test MEDIUM, reveals everything. No imposition. Can be consulted on all affairs of Life, Business, Love and Marriage a specialty. Every mystery revealed, also of absent, deceased and living friends. Removes all troubles and estrangements, challenges any Medium who can exceed her in her startling revelation of the past, present and future events in one's life. Remember, she will not, for any price, flatter you; you may rest assured you will gain facts without nonsense. She can be consulted on all affairs of Life, Love, Courtship, Marriage, Friends, etc., with description of future companion. The is very accurate in describing missing friends, enemies, etc. Her advice upon sickness, change in business, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce and speculation is valuable and reliable. She reads your destiny—good or bad; she withholds nothing.

MRS. MARTH tells your entire life—past present and future—in a DEAD TRANCE, has the power of any two Mediums you ever met In tests she tells your mother's full name before marriage, the names of all your family, their ages and description, the name and business of your future husband, the name of your next, if you are to have one, the name of the young man who now calls on you, the name of your future husband, and the day, month and year of your marriage—how many children you have or will have—whether you are married or single; whether your present sweetheart will be true to you and if he will marry you; if you have no sweetheart, she will tell you when you will have, and his name, business and date of acquaintance. ALL YOUR FUTURE will be told in an honest, clear, plain manner and in a dead trance. Mothers should know the success of their husbands and children, young ladies should know everything about their sweethearts or intended husband. Do not keep company, marry or go into business until you know all, do not let silly religious scruples prevent your consulting.

Madame is the only one in the world who can tell you the FULL NAME of your future husband, with age and date of marriage, and tells whether the one you love is true or false.

There are some persons who believe that there is no truth to be gained from consulting a Medium, but such beliefs are contrary to the truth. It is only from the lack of discrimination that such a conclusion can be reached. It is not everyone who placards himself or herself as a Madium that can stand a test of what he or she claims. And a person of an enquiring mind may ask the reason why. It is simply that these advisers do not take the trouble to study human nature. They do not spend their thoughts for a moment with acquiring the art of phrenology and kindred branches that will have a tendency to make the pathway to the road of the business clear and devoid of obstacles.

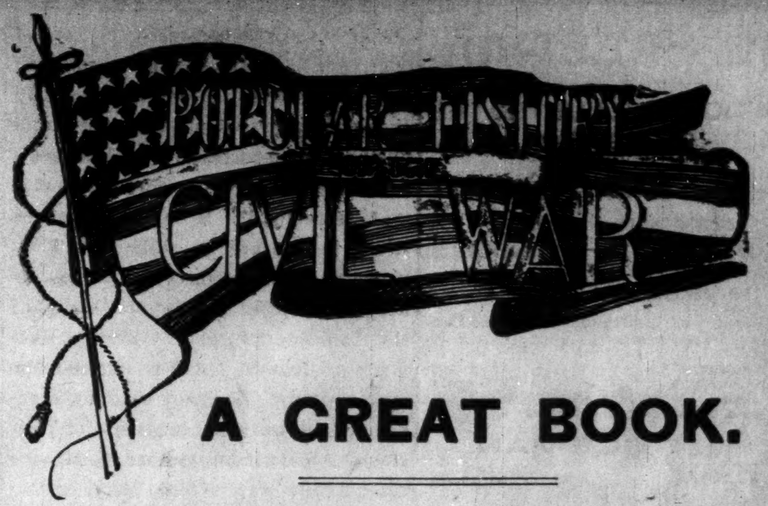
It is an undeniable fact that persons will come for advice—in full knowledge of what they want to know, and yet, as soon as they confront a Medium they try their utmost endeavor to dispel from their minds what they know so as to hear if it will be rehearsed by the Medium. To get the secret out of a person by "pumping," in no few cases, is the art used by many unprincipaled Mediums, but to take hold of the hand and gain control of the mind thereby, is a matter of impossibility to most of them. And yet this can be done, and by consulting MRS. MARTH this seeming mystery becomes a realization.

This subject has received no little attention by eminent men and even college professors. So it proves conclusively that although there are infringers in our midst with "oily tongues," perhaps, the gates of wisdom have not been closed to the entire profession.

It takes a great deal of study to become an accomplished Medium, and by a continuous and untiring effort, the key to the well of apparently unfathomable mysteries have been procured by MRS. MARTH for the benefit of humanity. By letter, advice $1.00. Hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. All letters must contain stamps for answers.

MRS. M. B. MARTH,
202 West 31st St.,
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.

Mention The Freeman.



A GREAT BOOK.

415 Pages Printed from new, plain type, on good, clean paper, containing an accurate and interesting account of the late war, with over **50 Illustrations** Showing the great battle-fields, leading generals, etc.

Full of Amusing Incidents, Deeds of Bravery and Heroism, Performed by Armies and by Individuals, Thrilling Escapes, Daring Exploits, Life in Camp, Field and Hospital, Night Marches, etc., etc.

FORT SUMTER AFTER THE BOMBARDMENT.

This history gives not only an accurate and thrilling account of the war, but takes up the several causes that are considered responsible for it, showing how the numerous events were linked together, forming a connected chain. It follows up the preparations on both sides, giving the facts and plans of the campaign, and settles many heretofore disputed points by showing them in a new and true light. And above all, it is as nearly unbiased as human nature can make it.

This is not a mere collection of facts and figures, but the author has woven them into a thrilling narrative which is as interesting as a novel. It is also

Accurate——Concise——Complete.

A complete history of our late war is almost indispensable in every home. It is constantly needed for reference in reading the papers, and it should by all means be in the hands of all school children and teachers, for no United States history contains anything like an exhaustive history of the Civil War, hence the necessity of some such work as this to supplement the school work.

WE OFFER THIS BOOK

Sent FREE to every subscriber sending us $1.50 for one year's subscription.

THE QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

Vestibuled Limited Trains to Southern Towns and Cities. A fine trip for summer outing through the Blue Grass region, the great Cumberland Plateau and to far famed Lookout Mountain.

The historic battlefields of CHICKAMAUGA, Mission Ridge and LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

Cool and invigorating air, unequaled scenery, good hotels.

Low reduced rates via the Queen & Crescent Route now on sale from cities and villages of the North.

Write to W. C. Rinearson, Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Cincinnati, for illustrated and descriptive matter.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address, MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

SHORTHAND BY MAIL Thoroughly taught by reporters. Best standard system. Terms reasonable. Catalogue and first lesson free JOHN G. HENDERSON, Principal, POTT'S SHORTHAND COLLEGE, WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

Mention The Freeman.

Sexual Power

Positively and Permanently Restored in 2 to 10 days; EFFECT IN 24 HOURS; almost immediate relief. No nauseating drugs, minerals, piles or poisons, but the DELICIOUS MEXICAN CONFECTION, composed of fruits, herbs and plants. The most POWERFUL TONIC KNOWN. Restores the Vigor, Snap and Health of youth. Sealed Book FREE giving full particulars. Address SAN MATEO MED. Co., Box 481 St. Louis, Mo

Mention The Freeman.

Karezza ETHICS OF MARRIAGE.

By Alice B. Stockham, M. D. Is a supplement to TOKOLOGY, containing valuable instruction for the married. Circulars free. Prepaid $1.00. ALICE B. STOCKHAM & CO., 277 Madison St. Chicago

HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

Medical, Pharmaceutical, AND Dental,

Departments will open their sessions October 1st and continue seven months.

Tuition In each Department $60.

For Circulars Address
F. J. SHADD, M. D, Secretary,
No. 901 R-St., N. W. Washington, D. C.

The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

TAKE THE D&C

TO MACKINAC DETROIT PETOSKEY CHICAGO

2 New Steel Passenger Steamers

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN

Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac

PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. From Cleveland, $18; from Toledo, $15; from Detroit, $13.50.

EVERY EVENING

Between Detroit and Cleveland

Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and September Only.

EVERY DAY BETWEEN

Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo

Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., DETROIT, MICH.
The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

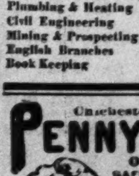
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
Steam Engineering (Stat., Loco. & Mar.)
Mechanical Drawing
Machine Design
Architectural Drawing
Plumbing & Heating
Civil Engineering
Mining & Prospecting
English Branches
Book Keeping

TAUGHT BY MAIL THOROUGH PRACTICAL

TO WORKINGMEN PROFESSIONAL MEN YOUNG MEN and others who cannot afford to lose time from work. Send for Free Circular and References Stating the Subject you wish to Study, to The International Correspondence Schools, Box 893, Scranton, Pa.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

THE FREEMAN.

A NATIONAL ILLUSTRATED COLORED NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY
At 57½ Indiana Avenue,
INDIANAPOLIS, - - INDIANA.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Any part of the United States and Canada, one year, postage paid, - - $1.50.
Six Months, - - - - - - - 85.
Three Months, - - - - - - - 60.
Foreign Countries, - - $1.00 extra.
Send Money by Express, Money Order, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter to

THE FREEMAN,
INDIANAPOLIS, - - - INDIANA.

All communications, enclosing news matter for publication, must be sent with the name of the writer, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

TO CONTRIBUTORS:

We prefer not to return manuscript where the articles are short, and copies easily taken—such as poems, anecdots and brief sketches, and in no case will we undertake to return manuscript unless stamps for that purpose accompany the article. We will not pay for matter unless it is ordered. All matter for publication must reach this office by Monday of each week, to insure insertion in the current issue.

AGENTS.

Agents are wanted in every town and city not now occupied, and liberal inducements will be given to the same. Send for our extraordinary inducements to agents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Regular display—10 cents per line per insertion—agate measure, (14 lines to the inch.) Discounts: 3 months, 10 per cent; 6 months, 20 per cent; 12 months, 33⅓ per cent. Pure reading matter; 50 cents per line per insertion. Business locals, 15 cents per line per insertion. On all pure reading matter and business locals, a discount of 5 per cent. will be allowed for each 100 lines up to 1,000 lines. Advertisements should reach us on Saturday or Monday in order to appear the following week. Omissions to be made up at expiration of contract. Lost Relative advertisements, $1.00 for one month, in advance.

Entered at the post-office at Indianapolis, Indiana, as second class matter.

All matter should be addressed to

THE FREEMAN,
Geo. L. Knox, Pub., Indianapolis, Ind.

SATURDAY, AUG. 22, 1896.

MONEY.

The insistence on the part of the free silver people, that there should be free coinage of silver at 16 to 1, with full, unlimited legal tender, is worthy of a better cause. A sort of divine right seems implied in the propositions, to which all dissent is treasonable or heretic. Parity means equality. Gold is more valuable than silver; therefore, the government has, by legislative enactment, attempted to bring about their equality at a ratio of 16 to 1. The Jeffersonian doctrine is very often referred to, but he says, "The proposition of value between gold and silver is a mercantile problem altogether." The inference is that the ratio thus legalized by Congress, should be based upon the commercial ratio. After the government tried the experiment of compelling the purchasing of millions of ounces of silver bullion per month, in order to bolster up the declination of the valuation of silver to the legal parity, it nevertheless became apparent that the fictitious means of fixing values resulted in no stability. Silver with all the artificial props and stays, slumped and continued so, until instead of standing at 16 to 1, it stands at 30 to 1, or there abouts. The government in consequence has been forced to the necessity of borrowing gold to redeem its legal tender greenbacks given in the silver purchases. It is very fortunate that statesmen like Sherman and others saw impending destruction in these forced purchases, and speedily cut off the means of flooding the country with a depreciating currency. The attempt to force silver into circulation has been a failure.

A very small percent of the money in circulation is silver, while $400,000,000 of the white metal is snugly ensconced in the treasury vaults. The history of the two metals show that the experience of trying to reconcile them is no late contrivance. The result has been variable always. Silver has occasionally crept upon gold, but the advantage has been for a short time only. Such were the conditions in 1873, when Congress sought to hold silver as a money metal by stopping the coinage of the standard dollars, because they exceeded gold in value as measured by gold; hence the dearer metal was turned from its usual course and was used where it was most desired, according to what is known as Gresham's law. Which law was simply a discovery as Newton's laws of gravitation. It was Sir Thomas Gresham, of England. "There was an issue of debased coin in England, hoping that, by fiat of the crown the money thus increased in volume would pass equally current with the old and pure coin. It was noticed that very soon all the pure coin had left the country, prices had gone up enormously, everybody was poorer and business was prostrate. The law seems to be that "Everything goes where it is most esteemed." It is what the free silver people are driving at. They mean to drive $600,000,000 across the deep to be piled up in the vaults of the banks of England, France, Germany or Russia, leaving our country with millions of silver without a redeemer, to use the language of Foraker. A condition similar to Mexico must be the inevitable result.

PROF. G. H. W. STEWART, OF ARKANSAS.

At a reception tendered Bishop W. B. Derrick, Little Rock, Ark., Prof. George H. W. Stewart, of the city schools, delivered an instructive address, "The Public Schools." In giving a brief resume of the conditions of the schools, he said:

"As an earnest of the excellent condition of our city schools, I take pleasure, sir, in giving some statistical facts as follows: 'The enrollment for 1895, ending June 30th, was 2,871 white pupils and 2,096 colored, making a total of 4,957. The enrollment for 1896, ending June 30th, was 2,992 white pupils and 2,121 colored, making a total of 5,113, being a gain of 146 over 1895. In the above the white schools gain 121 and the colored schools 25. Ten years ago the white schools gave employment to thirty-one teachers, and the colored schools furnished employment to sixteen teachers, making a total of forty-seven. This year the school board employs fifty-one white teachers and twenty-six colored, making a total of seventy-seven teachers engaged in the great and noble work of training the future citizen.' In the distribution of this work our splendid school board and our able and efficient superintendent, Prof. J. R. Rightsell, have directed special attention to the proficiency, and ability of the more active and meritorious of the graduates of our high schools. In consequence, we now have in our schools, sir, nineteen white and sixteen colored teachers, graduates of our respective schools. These encouraging facts should serve as incentives to more of our young men and women that they may thoroughly equip themselves for pedagogical work. In 1895 there were twenty-four graduates in the white high school and one in the colored, making a total of twenty-five. In 1896 there were twenty-three white graduates and twenty-five colored, total forty-eight. In conversation with Superintendent J. R. Rightsell, I have learned that the greatest consideration of the board, with regard to employment in our schools, will be given to those meritorious pupils who graduate from the high schools of Little Rock; that more of them will be employed in the schools wherever they exhibit a greater interest by industry, by hard study, by moral training and by more professional experience."

He paid an excellent tribute to the present school board; speaking of their efficiency and public spiritedness.

R. C. O. BENJAMIN is the publisher of a little volume, "Light after Darkness," an up-to-date history of the American Negro as it is further styled. Mr. Benjamin enjoys the distinction of being a lawyer, author, preacher, journalist, lecturer, traveler and linguist. His versatility at once establishes the fact that what he says is entitled to consideration. His volume, which is in pamphlet form, is an epitomized account of the beginning and the trials of the Negro race in this country. He pictures the Negro in all the memorable military struggles of the country from Crispus Attucks down. He pictures him, since the late great struggle that purchased his freedom, in the peaceful pursuits, making headway in the face of adversity. He has compiled a table for 1896, showing the wealth of Negroes in every state of the Union to be $263,000,000. This, taken in connection with some corrections and church property, fix the financial status of the Negro at $335,000,000. Mr. Benjamin may well conclude that the amazing march of wealth is enough to bewilder the perceptive faculties.

CLARKSON BURDEN, of this city, has brought suit against Dickson & Talbott, proprietors of one of the theaters of this city, for discriminating against him. Mr. Burden bought seats for an entertainment, a colored show by the way; Oriental Americans, but when he came to occupy them he was denied the right. The refusal on the part of the playhouse employees caused comment It was not generally known that such practices were held. Mr. Burden, it seems, has a just cause for complaint. It was humiliating in the extreme, as he never dreamed of the result. It is hoped that Mr. Burden will make his case stick. The tone of the theater is none too high; it therefore says much. If such places practices such discrimination, the result will be disastrous from a race standpoint.

GAIL HAMILTON.

Another noted writer, journalist, novelist and political writer, in the person of Gail Hamilton, (Miss Dodge) has succumbed to the inevitable. The death of Miss Dodge removes a distinguished character, who was familiar to the country in the annals of letters. She was a great favorite of the late Hon. James G. Blaine, and was suspected of being the writer of his noted papers. Such, however, had been considered otherwise in more recent years. It is known that she was a valuable adviser of Mr. Blaine's. She wrote many valuable wokrs, among them, "What think ye of Christ?" Her efforts in behalf of Mrs. Maybrick, the American woman charged with murder and languishing in a English prison, is well known.

IN speaking of the recent National Educational Association meeting in Buffalo, N. Y., at which Booker T. Washington delivered the closing address, the Journal of Education, (Boston), says: "Booker T. Washington carried off the honors. Even Bishops Spalding and Vincent were 'distanced' by the young man, born a slave, by the Emancipation Proclamation within his remembrance, who worked in the mines in deep poverty till he was nearly twenty. It was a great triumph."

BRYAN'S speech at New York did not quite meet the expectations of the auditors. He tried to clip the ear marks of populism. They would crop out, however.

MAJOR MCKINLEY will not trot over the country to show his physique, nor has he fallacies to air.

Rev. H. F. Bray.

The subject of this sketch, Rev. H. F. Bray, was born in Mt. Vernon, O., on the 14th day of May, 1875. Ere he reached the school age his parents moved to Bellfountain, O., where he began his education under the tuition of Prof. Newsome, then teacher of the colored school of that place. He progressed very rapidly and it was soon seen that he was destined to make his mark in the world. He spent a few years in Bellfountain and then his parents moved to Muncie, Ind., where he entered the white school. He remained in the Muncie school until his 15th year, and then feeling that his father, who was a poor man, was not able to send him any longer, he quit school and started out to earn his own living and assist his parents. His first labor was in a glass factory, and before many weeks passed there was credited, in the Deleware County Building and Loan Association, a neat little sum to his account The work in the glass factory proved too hard for him, and he entered the barber shop and learned the trade. It being characteristic of barbers to travel, Mr. Bray has been no exception to this rule, and has traveled extensively in many states. During all the time that he was out of school he was a hard student, and at night he could be seen in his room with a book seeking more knowledge. As a barber he has stood in the front rank, holding positions in some of the best shops in the country, among them the famous Bates House shop, of this city. It was while employed in this shop that he received the impression that there was a a greater work in this life than that of a barber. It was here that he received the divine inspiration to "Go into all the world and preach the gospel."

Right here comes an epoch in the life of Mr. Bray that should inspire every young man to press forward, whatever his position or condition. He attended the annual conference expecting to receive a little money from it to start him to school, but he learned that the conference had one student in school at their expense and were not able to help him that year, (which was last year). Immediately upon learning that the conference could not help him, and having no money, he borrowed enough money to buy a railroad ticket to Wilberforce, and as security he gave his watch, and stated his condition to the man from whom he borrowed the money, who gave him 35 cents to buy something to eat after he reached his destination.

This is the condition in which our hero started his college life. He arrived and searched far and near for work, that he might labor and attend school. At last he found it in Xenia, O., three and a half miles from Wilberforce, and could be seen wending his weary way every Saturday, wet or dry, hot or cold. After school closed in June he returned to Indianapolis and accepted a position on this paper as representative which position he now holds. As a newspaper man his work has been marked with the same success that has characterized him in all his labors. He has been a frequent contributor to different journals, who speak in the highest terms of him.

Mr. Bray is only twenty-one years old, yet he has rivaled, as a scholar, an orator, a logical and forcible preacher many men of the Caucasian race with more years and greater opportunities. He is pastor of a church at Danville, Ind., where he goes every Sabbath. This is his first charge and he has made it a success. He returns to Wilberforce next month. Every dollar that the annual conference may see fit to give him will be well spent, for in him we see as a ripe theologian a sainted Payne, as an orator a Douglass, and as a writer and composer a Tanner. It is not the purpose of this journal to give praise to whom praise is not due, but when we see a man of our race, especially a young man of to-day who is confronted with so many temptations to lead him astray, struggling to reach the top, to praise and uphold him to the race and his country is our aim.

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

Of the Invincible Sons and Daughters of Commerce—Rapid Progress.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Aug. 15, '96.

To the progressive people and members of the order of Invincible Sons and Daughters of Commerce, Greeting:

We beg leave to render this partial semi-annual report of the order for the first six months of the year from Feb. 12 to Aug. 12, '96.

The order thus far has reached a degree of perfection we dared not hope, having been handicapped by its novel or new ideas and differing so widely from all others. It has really demonstrated the fact beyond question that all our people were waiting for was a way to do, and a leader in whom they could repose sufficient confidence.

We have not found fields of gold, but we have opened a channel through which we may amass wealth, and through wealth gain all we can or do ask, "proper recognition." Our order has been successfully established in the following States: Alabama, Texas, Mississippi, Connecticut, Virginia, New York, with bright prospects for Arkansas, Oregon and Florida, and North Carolina and South Carolina are now seeking admission.

This, our order, differs from every other, and of course offers no real inducements for a sick bed, a fine coffin or a big funeral, therefore its work is up hill. The founders of this organization have determined to go ahead heroically, and by persistent efforts divert people's eye from these old "die to win" ideas, and place them upon enjoying roses while they live, and lay aside an acorn for old age. Having succeeded in this, we will be justified and happy that we are on the only right road to enduring wealth. In our next report we will in all probability give the exact figures and a tabulated account of our true standing in members and finance.

Deputies have been appointed and duly commissioned; each in his state reports most encouraging, and in a few months more the I. S. D. C. will not be a boy, but a full grown giant, known from the great lakes to the gulf, from the Atlantic to the Pacific slope.

All communications must be addressed to the Supreme Book Keeper, but no notice will be taken unless a two cent stamp is enclosed. All information cheerfully given. All communications cheerfully answered by

GEORGE A. CORPREW,
Most Supreme Book Keeper,
409 Carlton avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Two Hearts that Beat as One.

Jackson, Tenn., Special.

J. W. Lane, son of Bishop Isaac Lane, and also mail carrier in this city, was married to Miss M. T. Nicholson, formerly a teacher in Lane college, at her residence in Memphis, Tenn., on the 12th, inst. On the 13th Mr. Lane and his young bride landed in this city. A grand social was given at his new residence on LaConte street, which was much enjoyed. We wish this couple a long and happy life and extend our most welcome congratulations to the bride. We are glad to have her in our midst, and we are glad to know that she expects to make this city her future home. Rev. I. H. Anderson was on the sick list last week Miss E. M. Carter is in the city, the guest of Rev. J. H. Anderson and family. Miss Carter has many friends in this city. The Emancipation celebration was a grand uccess. Everything was carried out to perfection. Over six thousand strangers were in the city on the 8th to participate in the grand affair. Miss Idella Smolders, of this city, who is engaged in teaching near Henderson, Tenn., was in the city on the 8th to participate in the celebration and to see relatives and friends. Miss Cassie G. Parkman, of this city, who is also engaged in teaching at Beech Bluff, Tenn., was in the city on the 8th. Miss Jenkins, of Kentucky, is in the city, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Chas. Williams, East Sycamore street. Miss Ophelia Williams is in the city, the guest of Mrs. John Banks, corner Shannon and Sycamore streets. A grand social was given in her honor on Monday night. Rev. Taylor, pastor of the A. M. E. church, is carrying on his revival. We hope him much success. A grand social was given by the young men of South Jackson, at the residence of Mrs. John Banks, corner Shannon and Sycamore street. Quite a nice time was had. Rev. Jordan Merriwether, one of the oldest and most highly respected citizens of this city, departed this life at his residence on East Tanyard street, on the 8th. He had retired from the ministry before his death on account of his old age.

PHYLLIS WHEATLY LITERARY.

Personal Mention—A Colored Hospital to be Established.

Cincinnati, O., Special.

The Phillis Wheatly Literary meets every Tuesday at the Christian auditorium, corner Seventh and Plum Streets at eight o'clock. The program rendered last week was a grand one. Don't forget the picnic to be given by Zion Baptist church and Sunday school on Thursday Aug 27th at Bass Island. Go and see the great match game of base ball, the Walnut Hill girls vs. and the down town girls. Misses Laura Troy and Arlimissia John have returned home after a pleasant stay at Buffalo N. Y. Miss Zenobia Cox and Miss Sarah Dixon have returned home from a visit to Washington, D. C. Mrs. Jane Clark, nee, King who has been visiting in the city for the past ten days, left last Saturday for Wilberforce, O., on her way to her home in Washington, D. C. Mr. John Taylor and wife are spending a few days at Chicago. Miss Lillian Crenshaw who was very ill some weeks ago is better. It is rumored that a well known young man of our city will lead to the altar one of Indianapolis' fair Bells in the early autumn, Mrs. Clara Johnson and daughter, Miss Beatrice and Mrs. Joanna Williams are visiting in Kentucky. The U. B. F. picnic which takes place on the 27th is going to be a grand affair. Delegates from Kentucky and other states will be present. Admission 25 cents. The colored citizens at an early date will call a meeting for the purpose of establishing a colored hospital. Success to them. Rev. James Wilson of the Union Baptist church preached at College Hill Baptist church on Sunday morning. His sermon was both effective and interesting. At night Rev. R. Campbell, the pastor, preached a stirring sermon. Rev. Leo J. Bocock by a special invitation preached for the Union Baptist church.

Knights of Tabor Celebrate.

Poplar, Bluff, Mo., Special.

Mr. Robert Jordan and Miss Ella Thompkins were united in the bonds of wedlock by elder James H. Randall on the 8th inst., at the residence of Mrs. Eliza Clemmons. Mrs. Lizzie Townsend, her daughter and stepfather, Mr. Renfro, arrived in this city from Allensville Mo., on the 10th inst. Miss Katie Wills of Cape Guardeau, Mo, returned to this city on the 10th. Nathaniel Davis returned to this city recently from St. Louis, Cape Guardeau, Mo., and other points. Two converts were added to the church during the revival, namely: Mrs. Nettie Smith and Allen Moore, jr. were baptized on the 11th inst. William Clemmons, colored, was struck on the head by a white man on Monday night Aug. 10th. Miss Bertha Williams returned from Batesville, Ark., recently. Rev. Jones. the evangelist and elder J. S. Kelley passed through the city on the 11th inst., enroute to Neelyville, Mo., to attend the association. The Knights of Tabor celebrated their 24th anniversary on Aug. 12th which was grand. Several delegates passed through this city on the 12th to attend the Baptist Association at Neelyville, Mo. Henry Clemmons returned from Greenville, Mo., recently. Mrs. Tenny Simpson returned to this city from Batesville, Ark., on the 13th inst.. where she went to attend the funeral of her sister. H. D. Russell arrived in the city on the 13th inst., and his wife returned on the 14th from Neelyville, enroute to Piedmont, Mo.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Miss F. F. Jones, B. A., Michigan University, will open a boarding and day school for a limited number of girls on Thursday, October 1st, 1896, in Philadelphia, Pa. The school will comprise the following departments: Primary, academic, college preparatory, special courses. The design of the school is not only to afford an opportunity for the acquisition of a thorough systematic mental education, but also looks to the highest development of the physical and moral faculties. Miss Jones would invite the attention of parents to the many liberal advantages, healthful climate, beauty and culture of the city of Philadelphia; to the strong stimulus to intellectual activity and the refining influence of such environment. The limited number of students renders the pleasant condition of home life, and the judicious over sight and individual attention to each girl, special features in the school regulations. The course in Theory and Art of Housekeeping, which includes interior furnishing and decoration, sanitation, marketing, scientific cooking, care of the sick, and plain sewing, is obligatory upon all students over ten years of age. The health of the pupils and the work in physical culture are under the direct supervision of a resident physician of wide experience,—Dr. S. B. Jones. Prospectus sent on application. Terms reasonable. Parents desirous of entering their daughters or wishing further information are cordially invited to correspond with Miss F. F. Jones, 26 14th street, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

The Hospital speaks as follows regarding the color of the Negro race: "It has occurred to a writer in an American medical newspaper to discuss the blackness of the Negro's skin. It will be a revelation to many to learn that the baby Negro is not born black. Even so long ago as 1765, Le Cat noticed that the newly born Negro is a reddish color. The observation has since been frequently confirmed; and it is now pretty widely known that, though the baby Negro begins to follow in the footsteps of his parents as regards color within a few days after birth, yet at the moment of birth he shows a disposition to aspire towards the civilized races, being white, or at worst, red in hue. It is generally assumed that the primest of all the causes of a Negro's blackness is the hot sun beneath whose more or less vertical rays he is doomed to live. There is, however, a physiological condition of the skin which differentiates that organ from the integument of a European. 'The Negro,' says our American scientist, 'possesses a more developed vascular sudoriparous system than we do.' In other words, he has more and larger sweat glands, and they are more liberally supplied with blood. By means of these he perspires much more abundantly. This condition is possibly a contributory factor in his blackness. It is an important element in the investigation to remember, however, that the blackest of all black people are almost invariably found under certain very definite climatic conditions. That is to say they are found where great heat, strong light, and much atmospheric moisture are in combination. For example, 'the blackest Negroes in Africa are those who live in Guinea, where the greatest amount of rain annually falls.' On the other hand, 'the people who live in the dry section of the Nubian Desert have red skins.' Heat, light and humidity are all classes of pigmentation, and if to these we add the fact of the highly 'developed vacular sudoriparous system of the Negro, we have traveled as far as our American investigator is able to help us. The question is one of genuine scientific interest; and, perhaps, when the Matabele, and the Dervishes, and the Soudanese have all settled down quietly in the ways of civilization and order, science may turn her attention in this direction and tell us much that is both new and interesting about those races who difer so markedly from ourselves in color, character and many other particulars."—Scientific American.

The press dispatches from Canton, O., in speaking of Ex-Senator Bruce's visit to Major Wm. McKinley, among other things Mr. Bruce informed Major McKinley that the colored voters throughout the country would support him. Senator Bruce is a far-seeing and an astute politician, but the Bee is of the opinion that the colored Republicans throughout this country are not satisfied with the manner in which they are being ignored, and if something is not done at once there will not be enough colored voters left in the Republican party to say that they belonged to that party. It may be that the Republican managers don't want the colored vote any more than the Democratic managers. Thus far we have seen no overtures made to secure the colored vote, but we do see every effort made to concentrate the white vote from all parties and organizations. German documents are being sent out; Dutch, the French and other kind of documents, and an effort will be made to subsidize the Italian Press, and every other kind of press except the Afro-American press.—Washington Bee.

American Fruit Co.

Readers of The Freeman will find an interesting advertisment of the American Fruit Co., in another column of this issue. This company owns a valuable piece of property in Houston county, Georgia, with 160,000 earliest growing fruit trees and is composed entirely of northern investors in Indianapolis and vicinity. They invite our colored friends to join with them. Shares are $100 each, but are now sold for only $78 each; payable fifty cents a week or as you choose to pay. After payment of $35 the earnings of the company can pay out balance, if members prefer, costing a trifle more. Nearly a million dollars is now invested in this particular location. Over 2,000 colored people find renuerative employment among the orchards. Three railroads for shipping facilities, three canning companies, saw mills, crate factory and the company's orchard is within two miles of Perry, county seat, five miles of Ft. Valley and Marshallville, all prosperous towns. A neat illustrated book is given free to all at the office of American Fruit Co., room 3, 36 West Washington street. The company is offering a very safe and highly profitable investment. They ship all their fruit direct to New York, Boston and the eastern cities.

ELEMENTS OF WEAKNESS!

A FEATURE PLAINLY EXHIBITED IN OUR LEADERS.

The Negro Stands in the Need of a Moses that will Smite Immorality, Ignorance, Bigotry and Superstition.

Some men are unable to distinguish the differences between a complaint and a criticism. The critic of a literary society in rendering his critique does not complain, but he points out errors so that the same mistakes may not be repeated, and that the designated errors may afterwards be avoided. A literary society is incomplete in its organization without the addition of this indispensable officer. Objections are sometimes raised by the members against the critique being personal, but all are agreed that the critic is an invaluable factor in the formation of a first class literary society. The goodly house-wife is not grumbling or complaining every time she calls the attention of her lord to certain needed repairs about the house, or asks for some neccessary article for house or kitchen. The neat housekeeper is not tired of the house because she sweeps the floor and sets things in order. But on the contrary, her actions is an evidence that she loves her home the more. Whenever one is indisposed to point out the evils and inconsistencies in an organization or party, many hands go up in horror, and many voices cry out, "treason! treason!" I have been dubbed by some of my brethren as a calamity shrieker" and a "pessimist." because I have dared from time to time to speak out in meetings against certain things which to my mind were either wrong or inconsistent to the true spirit of the church.

I hold that the condition of affairs as they exist in church or state is due to the action of the leaders, but let them be competent or incompetent, good or bad. It is one thing to be a leader, but it is altogether another thing to be placed in the lead. Position creates leadership whether the one occupying the position is capable of leadihg or not. Some men are born leaders, just as some men are born great. The qualities of leadership and greatness are born with them. James G. Blaine was the greatest leader of the nineteenth century, but he could not be president. The position held by Hon. Rutherford B. Hayes made him at one time the greatest man in the nation and the leader of the most powerful political party on the continent; but Mr. Hayes was neither a great man nor a leader, and the nation rejoiced to see him step down and out. Mr. Grover Cleveland before his nomination, was unknown to the people; but who will deny that president Cleveland has shown himself to be a strong man and a leader.

I will say parenthetically, however, that I am not in the least sympathy with the party he represents. If a man by means, fair or foul, is placed in leadership and fails after due trial, he should be hauled down and another placed in his stead. If he proves himself worthy of his calling he should be retained regardless of the hue and cry of ambitious sycophants who would resort to the basest methods to pull him down. The state and church are in greater needed of leaders to-day than they have been for thirty years. The record of past events show that in the history of this country, the state never undergoes any great change without the church also becoming subject to a revolution. In this respect they go hand in hand. It has been my good fortune to witness the proceedings of district conferences and Sabbath school conventions of the A. M. E. church in the Tennessee conference this summer. The first was held by Rev. B. A. J. Nixon of the North Nashville district, the other by Rev. H. D. Canady of the Tullahoma district. Those two divines proved to a close observer that they were well abreast of the times, and were actually living in the age in which they exist. They both exhibited elements of leadership. The ministers respect them as leaders and not simply as officers. One may respect the officer but detest the individual filling the office.

Rev. H. D. Canady, though a man of limited education is possessed of a wonderful tact for moving men to action. If he was a scholar his power and influence would be marvelous. Unless his sudden elevation and his great success turn his brain he will yet be a giant in the Tennessee Conference. Tennessee needs leaders. How strange it is that some men fail to recognize in themselves elements of weakness. or see they can lead nobody. The majority of the old leaders in the Tennessee conference are transferred to some other conference or to heaven. Those living are Revs. T. J. Hill, George H. Phoenix, L. N. Merry. Seeing they could no longer lead, they exercised the good sense of transferring to other fields where they could do no more good. Father J. W. Early, an old hero, has retired and lives in peace and ease at his lovely home in Nashville. He was a great leader.

The new leaders in the Tennessee Conference are Revs. H. D. Canady, J. A. Davis, G. R. Norman, B. A. J. Nixon, T. A. Thompson and J. W. Pickett. There are others who show signs of excellence and who are considered as "the coming men." It must be borne in mind that leaders are not always good men. There are bad leaders as well as good ones. A bad leader usually does more harm than a good leader does good. I have not mentioned the old leaders of Tennessee (some of whom are only nominal leaders) neither have I said that all or any of the new leaders named above are either good or bad. But I do say that if the affairs in the Tennessee Conference of the A. M. E. church are not what they should be, the fault lies at the door of the leaders. Much depends upon the leaders. If our educational interest dies the leaders will be to blame. They all know that our school at Shelbyville has the "death rattles" now. I am informed that not a penny has been raised this year in support of the school. Not a single call has been made for a meeting of the trustee board. Presided over by a strong faculty—I mean only intellectually strong—the school almost practically closed its last session before the commencement.

The institution will never recover its lost ground in Shelbyville. The thing to be done now is to tear in up, root and branch, and establish a school somewhere, where it will be enabled to grow, and become the pride of African Methodism in Tennessee. We shall note with interest the action of our new leaders. The true leader does not bend to the whims of the masses; he does not drift with the tide. He goes against the current sometimes. He must necessarily stem the tide at times. A leader has convictions, and then he has the courage of his convictions. Some men in their effort to become great leaders, attempt to drive. When they commence that, it is not long before they find themselves powerless to do either. It was never intended for men to be driven. That was the curse of slavery. A certain bishop of the A. M. E. church to-day among the seniors finds himself very unpopular on account of his driving propensities. We cannot succeed in anything without leaders, but as men we will not succeed under drivers. Of the last three bishops elected, it remains to be seen which will prove to be leaders. They are now on trial. A great mistake is often made by newspaper correspondents bestowing growing compliments upon new bishops and general officers before they are tried. These dignitaries are but human, and these flattering ecoiums often do them more harm than good. God, give us good leaders in church and state.

J. A. Jones,

Fayetteville, Tenn.

Hon. Alexander E. Manning.

Born a slave near Port Conway, King George County, Va., 1856, remained there to his 19th year; received his schooling there, taught by a slave-holder. Hunted muskrats, sold the hides to buy books. Took up residence in Washington 1874, remaining until 1882. Went to New York, came to Indianapolis fall of '83, been here since. Been a Democrat since 1882. Appointed deputy clerk, Marion county, Indiana, 1886; served eight years, under two administrations. Have been active in politics since '79, at which time in his native state, Virginia, in the campaign of the

ALEXANDER E. MANNING.

Re-adjusters against the party known as the State Founders; he favoring the Re-adjusters. Since his retirement from clerk's office has been in the commercial law business. Took charge of Indianapolis World first day of June, this year, as general business manager. Appointed assistant sargant-at-arms by Democratic National Committee at National Democratic Convention. Elected delegate-at-large to represent state of Indiana at the National Bimetalic Convention held in St. Louis July 15th, this year. Elected president of the National Negro Democratic League, succeeding C. H. J. Taylor at Chicago, August 11th, this year.

Personal Mention.

San Antonio, Tex., Special.

The summer normal has closed a very successful session. Several succeeded in obtaining their certificates and some failed, but not many. Miss Maggie and Carrie Denham of Waco, Tex., is visiting friends in the city. She is the daughter of the accomplished minister and presiding elder, Rev. L. C. Denham, D. D., of the Temple District. Mrs. Hallie Johnson has returned from Dallas, Tex. Bethel endeavors are over two hundred and still the good work goes on.

A large number attended the picnic at Lake Manitou last Sunday.

SUPREME CHANCELLOR ROSS

Meets with Montgomery Lodge K. of P's.—Notes of the Order.

K. P. of Montgomery lodge No. 6, met on the 11th, at Castle Hall, J. C. Ross, Supreme Chancellor of the world delivering an address full of the principles of the order. Mr. Ross' visit to this city was for the sole purpose of bringing about a unity between the lodges of this city. There has been a misunderstanding between the Mitchell faction in the order for more than two years. That is there has been a secession of some of the lodges. This was the condition of the order when Mr. Ross was elected to the supremacy, but by his arduous work he has in the last eight months succeeded in bringing back to the order 10,000 Knights throughout the United States at a financial gain to the order of about $15,000. Mr. Ross in his remarks made mention of his disappointment at not meeting Mr. Mitchell here in the interest of the Knights that had been misguided by him. He also was disappointed at not having the opportunity of explaining to Messrs. Ringgold, Thornton and other well-known Mitchell men the cause of dissension among some of the lodges, but it is hoped that the news unification has reached them ere this. The order of Knights of Pythias has risen phœnix-like out of the dust and ashes of prejudice until it stands to-day one of the greatest orders of our great land. As one who has had the opportunity to view the history of the order from a most prominent position, events as they have transpired in the progress of the order, brings to my mind the most devout gratitude as it should to all Knights. The high moral and financial standing which the order now enjoys, was not obtained without great mental and physical exertion. It is hoped that self-aggrandizement and dissention will not be allowed to cover the beautiful pillars of friendship, charity and benevolence, which support and adorn the beautiful Castle of Knights of Pythias, with shame and ignomy.

NOTES.

At the unification meeting held at Castle Hall of Montgomery Lodge, K. of P's., the most prominent speakers on the rostrum were Capt. J. Buckner, S. K. C., G. L. Jones, P. C., S. Harris, P. C., J. T. V. Hill, L. W. Montgomery, W. S. C. These Knights, after being presented to the audience, each in a few remarks spoke in brief in reference to the condition and good of the order.

It was a noticeable feature in Mr. Jones' remarks that the new lodge was on the right track even if Mr. Montgomery was censured in the same for failing to become a withdrawn card.

It is to be hoped that in the presence of strangers from other states that we will not indulge in chats.

Dr. Furniss in his remarks showed his ability to conceive and grasp the situation.

Mr. Pemphul, P. G. L. of West Virginia, in his remarks shows pure Pythianism.

B. F. Howard of Cincinnati, Past Supreme representative spoke to quite a large audience at Montgomery lodge hall Sunday afternoon. In his remarks Mr. Howard said: "As I was at the Supreme Unification meeting held at St. Louis, I had the opportunity to see Mr. Ringgold sign the proclamation of the unification meeting atSt.Louis which has been, according to rumors, emphatically denied." He also said that it is a custom that delegates from all lodges on their return from any meeting make their reports as to the business for which they were sent by their respective lodges. This he has failed to do, and his failure to do so has caused quite or nearly all of the confusion that has existed in this city. Africanus.

$5.00 TO MACKINAC

And Return via C. H. & D. Railway and Steamers.

On August 25, the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Ry. will run a personally conducted excursion from Cincinnati to Mackinac Island at the extremely low rate of $5 for the round trip. Special train will leave the C. H. & D. depot, Fifth and Baymiller, at 9 a. m., arriving Toledo 3:05 p. m., where passengers will embark on the palatial new steamer of the D. & C. Navigation Co., "City of Mackinac," for the Island. Steamer will reach Detroit at 8 p. m., The order of the evening will be visiting about the city. The steamers will leave Detroit next morning (Wednesday, August 26,) at 9:30 a. m., for the sail on Lake Huron through the St. Clair Flats passing the beautiful Club houses, Oakland Hotel, St. Clair Springs, Port Hurion and other delightful resorts. Sailing out into the broad waters of Lake Huron, crossing Saginaw bay and then Thunder bay, touching at Sand Beach, Au Sable, Alpena, Cheboygan and landing at Mackinac Thursday, August 27, at noon. Tickets will be good going on special train, August 25, and on steamer "City of Mackinac," connecting at Toledo. Returning, will be good on any steamer or train up to and including steamer leaving Mackinac Island 3 p. m., Thursday, September 3. Side trips at special low rates have been arranged to Sault Ste. Marie and the Snow Island, also to Duluth via the steamer "City of Duluth," passing through the great government locks, sailing by the pictured rocks of Lake Superior, landing at Bayfield, Hancock, Houghton and Marquette.

This excursion will be conducted by a salaried employe of the C. H. & D. Ry. Co., who will see to it that everybody is made comfortable and answer all inquiries while en route. Those desiring to join this tour should make early application so that their accomodation may be arranged for. The Grand Hotel, New Mackinac and Astor House will make special rates to those holding excursion tickets. Information regarding meals, berths, side trips, tickets, etc., will be cheerfully furnished on application to agents of the C. H. & D. Ry., or to agents of connecting lines, or by writing direct to D. G. Edwards, Passenger Traffic Manager, C. H, & D. Ry. Cincinnati, O.

National Baptist Convention.

To the Baptist churches and pastors of the United States:—The National Baptist convention will convene in the First Baptist church, Clark avenue, St. Louis, Mo., September 16th to 21st, inclusive. This will be the most important meeting ever held by NegroBaptists.

L. G. Jordan, Cor. Sec.

1015 S. 13th-st. Philadelphia, Pa.

Ian Maclaren's New Story.

Ian Maclaren's new short story, the last he will write until after his American visit, has been secured by the Ladies Home Journal, for publication in the October and November issues. It is called "The Minister of St. Bedes," and is said to be in the brightest and cleverest Maclarenesque vein. Besides it charm as a delightful romance, the story is said to be notable for the admirable character that the author has created for the chief personage—the minister of St. Bede's, as the loyal lover of an humble Scotch lassie.

The New Hook Spoon Free to All.

I read in the Christian Standard that Miss A. M. Fritz, Station A., St. Louis, Mo., would give an elegant plated hook spoon to anyone sending her ten 2 cent stamps. I sent for one and found it so useful that I showed it to my friends, and made $13.00 in two hours, taking orders for the spoon. The hook spoon is a household necessity. It cannot slip into the dish or cooking vessel, being held in the place by a hook on the back. The spoon is something that housekeepers have needed ever since spoons were first invented. Anyone can get a sample spoon by sending ten 2-cent stamps to Miss Fritz. This is a splendid way to make money around home. Very truly, Jeannette S.

7-25-13t.

A New Company.

Lewis and company of Indianapolis, Ind., is a new firm of enterprising young colored men, who will handle all Negro publications. Persons who desire to get their publications before the public throught this firm will address Lewis and Co., 172 N. Capitol Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., U. S. A.

WANTED.

To Trade:—Vacant lots for property on Blackford, Fayette, Howard, West North and other good streets in these neighborhoods. I will assume indebtedness or pay a cash difference on property that suits. H. H. Beville,

2¼ W. Washington St

For Sale or Trade.

A corner lot in North Indianapolis that is clear of incumbrance. Will trade for property on either of the following streets: Howard. Fayette, Yandes and Columbia avenue.

H. H. Beville,

2½ W. Washington-s

No Charge for Embalming.

No charge for embalming unless the body is preserved. Why have your friends unfit to be seen on the day of the funeral?—Flanner & Buchanan.

The Progress Laundry.

W. D. Branham will call for your clothes if they need laundrying. Work done in short time and promptly delivered. Telephone 1121. 10-12.

CANCER AND TUMORS.

Cured with mild oils, either external or internal; used by any one with safety. For particulars and price of oils, address Dr. Bye, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED.

A piano player who reads at sight; also No. 1 Soprano Solo Singer. None but first-class need apply. Address

P. T. Wright, Nashville Students.

Boulder, Col., 14th, Denver, Col., 15th

WANTED!

By young lady amateur artist a position in a photograph gallery. Address Miss H., 136 Wahoo street, Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Take Your Vacation Now.

Go to the picturesque Mackinac Island via the D. & C. (Coast Line.) It only costs $13.50 from Detroit, $15.50 from Toledo, $18.00 from Cleveland for the round trip, including meals and berths. Tickets good for 60 days, bicycles carried free. One thousand miles of lake and river riding on new modern steel steamers for the above rates. Send 2c for illustrated pamphlets. Address, A. A. Schantz, G. P. A. Detroit.

Niagara Falls Excursion via C. H. & D. and Erie Railways.

The C. H. & D, and Erie Rys., will run an excursion to Niagara Fall on August 19th, at rate of $10 for the round trip. The route is via Lake Chautauqua and Buffalo. Full information on application to

Geo. W. Hayler, D. P. A.

2 W. Washington street.

D. & C. Summer Service to Mackinac.

Their new steel passengers steamers are all in commission, making four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Mackinac, Soo, Petoskey, Duluth. If you are contemplating a summer outing, send two cent stamp for illustrated pamphlet. Address

A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich

A Beautiful Face.

Free from pimples, blackheads and freckles insured by using our Toilet Preparations. Large box mailed for 25 cents, also Pocket Dictionary, 30,000 words, 200 illustration Free. Acme Supply Co., Department H. Littleton, N. H.

"Another"

One dollar excursion to Cincinnati and return via C. H. & D. Ry., Sunday, August 16th. Special train leaves Union Station 7:15. Returning, leaves Cincinnati 7:00 p. m.

Rooms for Rent.

Pleasant rooms neatly furnished, suitable for light housekeeping, with first-class accomodations. 240 W. Michigan street.

A PEEP at her mysteries. Effects of a sporting life. 8 page book for men, 20 pictures true to life. Sent sealed in plain wrapper for 10c silver or stamps. Address: HENDERSON, Drawer W, Kansas City, Mo.

Mention The Freeman.

INVINCIBLE SONS AND DAUGHTERS OF COMMERCE.

[BUSINESS CIRCULAR NO. 32.]

...OFFICE OF THE...

Most Supreme Grand Master Merchant of the I. S. D. C.

249 MARION STREET.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., August 1, 1896.

To the Members of the Order and all Persons Applying for State Jurisdiction.

GREETING:—You are hereby (through our official organ, The Freeman) duly notified, without futher notice, by the power in me vested to report at once your doings and intentions to the Supreme Book-keeper, Mr. George A. Corprew, 409 Carlton avenue, Brooklyn, on or before August 15, as at that time the half year report of the doings of the order will appear in The Freeman,

Persons not doing so will forfeit all claims to S ate jurisdictions. We mean business. This is business. Persons in Arkansas, Oregon, Mississippi, Texas, Florida and Ohio take particular notice.

AUGUSTUS M. HODGES, M. S. G. M. M.
GEORGE P. ISAAC, M. S. S. V. M.
JOSEPHINE E. GHANT-CARLISLE, M. S. G. H.

Attest, GEORGE A. CORPREW, M. S. G. B.

SMOKE THE CELEBRATED BOARD OF TRADE. NOW HAND MADE

Long Havanna Filler, Office and salesroom, 48 Kentucky Ave.

T. J. Hamilton, Manufacturer. Factory, 177, W. Maryland street

H. SCHONE. J. SCHONE.

SCHOEN BROTHERS,

The Clothing Renovators. Proprietors of

CINCINNATI STEAM DYE WORKS.

Established 1869. Southeast cor. Circle and Market Sts.

Franklin Block, opposite Journal. INDIANAPOLIS, INIANA

Telephone 286.

DRS. H. W. and S. A. FURNISS,

PHYSICANS & SURGEONS.

OFFICE: 90, 92 W. New York-st, Residence 56 Orange-st. INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

—GO TO—

MRS. JANE WHITE'S,

FOR FIRST-CLASS

BOARD AND LODGING

21-MEAL TICKET FOR $3.50.

182 Muskingum St., Indianapolis, Ind.

S. H. MALPAS, M. D.

CHRONIC DISEASES A PECIALTY.

OFFICE—MARION BLOCK,

Cor. Meridian and Ohio Sts.

OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 12 a. m. every day. 2 to 5:30 p. m. except Sunday.

Now

Is your chance to get

Good Photos

While the rates are down—

Bennett's Best Cabinets Only $1 a Doz

CALL AND SEE HIM.

38½ E. WASHINGTON STREET.

Perfect Manhood,

Health, Strength and Vigor

TO A RIPE OLD AGE

The sins of youthful ignorance, the dissipation, the weakness that proves a barrier to marriage—these are the thingsthat are daily plunging thousands of men into a condition of utter ruin.—The wasted parts, emissions, nervousness and physicial debility all resulting from abuses and excesses, continue to sap the life away simply because the sufferer in his ignorance is too bashful, too far gone in a shrinking fear of discovery to make known his condition or seek out a friend. It is this lack of courage, this blighting, backward fear that has prompted me to make known to every man, weak and worn out from dissipation or secret sins, that there is a chance for you, an opportunity whereby you may be lifted out of that state af dread and despair to a happy condition of self respect and manly courage. I, too, had secretly suffered for years, but through the agency of a remarkable remedy I am now a happy, vigorous man enjoying to the fullest measure the blessings and priviliges that only complete manhood can bestow. I will send (sealed) the recipe of this wonderful remedy FREE to any sufferer who will write to me. Enlargement certain. It cured me after everything else had failed, and it will cure you. Address,

H. C. OLDS, Box 998 Kalamazoo, Mich.

FOR SALE
FOR SALE
FOR SALE

A residence, conveniently located at a bargain. Apply to

Octavius V. Royall.

711 and 712 Lemcke Building.

FOR SALE
FOR SALE
FOR SALE

Cripple Creek gold mining stock. Apply to Octavius V. Royall.

711 and 712 Lemcke Building.

Home Seekers Excursion.

Via Missouri Pacific railway to nearly all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Indian Ter., Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana. One fare for the round trip plus $2.00. Dates of sales August 3, 4, 17, 18, 31; September 1, 14, 15, 28, 29; October 5, 6, 19, 20. Tickets will be limited twenty-one days from date of sale, and will permit stop-overs on going trip. Pullman sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars to nearly all principle points. Rates, maps and pamphlets on application. For particular information address, COKE ALEXANDER,

District Passenger Agent.

7 Jackson Place, Indianapolis.

-: THIS WEEK :-

10c Dimities 7½c.
Ladies' $1.50 Oxford Ties 98c.
Ladies' $2.50 Dress shoes $1.75.
New line of Batiste and Lawns 5c.
Gilt and Silver Shirt Waist Sets 10c.
Best Print Shirt Waists 29c, the 50c kind.
Best Percale Shirt Waists 43c, the 85c kind.
500 dozen Ladies All Silk Mits, the 25c grade, this week 15c.
17 Styles in Ladies' black and tan Leather Belts, Tinsel Belts and White Kid Belts, choice at 25cts.

Maguire's Granger Store.

174-176 W. Washington Street.

Kirkhoff Bros.

Steam :-: Heating

CONTRACTORS,

Sanitary Plumbers....

---And Gas Fitters.

Indianapolis, Ind. 91 N. Illinois St.

Telephone No. 910.

McCurdy & Perry,

—AUCTION—

And Commission Merchants.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

139 West Washington Street.

Opposite State House.

Special attention given to Real Estate by Auction.

BICYCLE EXCHANGE,

LOUIS J. DAVIS, Proprietor.

Bicyles Bought, Sold and Repaired.

No. 18 N. West Street.

W. H. Griffin

—IS THE—

Reliable Boot and Shoe Maker,

Repairing Neatly Done.

152 EAST NORTH STREET.

J. A. EHRENSPERGER'S

Big 4 Shoe Store

188 WEST WASHINGTON STREET.

Shoes at Rock Bottom Prices. Courteous treatment to all.

Octavius V. Royall,

LAWYER,

Nos. 711 and 712 Lemcke Building.

REMOVAL,

Taylor&Schneider,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FORMERELY WITH R. R. MILES.

Are now located at 22 West Circle St.

Telephone 1173.

W. D. Collins,

Office 184½ Ind. Ave.

Real Estate, Rental Agent, Employment Bureau. Room 2, up Stairs.

Office Hours 8 a. m. to 6, p. m.

THE NEGROES FUTURE

STRONG, FORCEFUL TALK BY PROF COUNCILL, OF HUNTSVILLE.

He Pleads for a Higher Intellectual Culture Among His Race—A Bright Future For the Negro if he Remains Trne to His Nature.

On the occasion of the celebration of the second anniversary of Rev. M. Vann's pastorate of the first colored Baptist church, Prof. W. H. Councill the eminent colored divine and orator, was present and delivered and eloquent and thoughtful address. In the course of his remarks Prof. Councill said:

"I plead for industrial education. I would empathize its importance and its power. But I would not have you forget that intellectual culture must be the foundation of all true progress. It is not enough to teach a man how to supply the wants of the body and to make a living in the world. This is sensual and evanescent. The wants of the body are few and on a low plane. But the soul, the spirit, the intellectual man, living here and hereafter, sweeping on and on through eternity, has greater and higher wants than the mere sensual man. If this second and higher self is not fed and expanded, the individual sinks into oblivion—he dies.

A people must not be measured by one standard, but by all. As no man can be said to be educated until he has drunk deeply of the three great springs of human knowledge—science, art, literature—neither is a race prepared to enter the combat of nations and take its stand among the people until it has drunk deeply of all the fountains of human wisdom. No people can rise in the world and maintain creditable standing alone with the saw, the hammer and the plane, cooks, washerwomen and nurses, as farmers, bootblacks, hotel boys and barbers. These are necessary, but there must be strong intellectual giants in the pulpit, at the bar, in the school room, in medicine—as scientists, linguists, artists, inventors—in order that any people may be accorded a creditable standing in the society of the races.

Whatever any other people need to grow strong the Negro needs. It is not enough to teach our girls a few lessons in sewing, cooking and nursing, and our boys to beat a little on iron, drive a few nails, make a few badly shaped bricks, etc. Indeed this can be secured at their homes. But we want the Negro to have higher industrial education. We must be taught to melt iron ore, build locomotives, ships, telescopes, microscopes, steam engines of every class, all kinds of mechanical engineering, farming machinery and appliances, and do all work in glass, brass, gold and silver. This kind of high industrial education is the only kind that he needs now, and is essential to his salvation. This kind of industrial education is the only kind that can give a people permanent strength. The avenues to this higher industrial education lie through the schools, as trades unions and other organizations are closed against the colored boy. We want men to dissect the mountains, to tie continents together, make earth and sky kiss and probe the very heart of the great sun himself. It takes all this and more to make a peeple.

The Negro had just as well understand right now as later on that he must have all this, resting on a solid, substantial, intellectual Christian character or he must ultimately go to the wall. Problems are born in the soul and for the soul. They rest upon purely mental bases. They are not material and can not be solved by material operations. To talk of solving the Negro problem by acquiring property or getting what the white man wants, is hardly decent children's prattle. This might give the proverbial "lull before the storm." But the storm must come. Problems are not solved that way. A problem which is worked out on purely material, sensual grounds is not solved at all. But that solution which comes forth from the Christian judgment of highest intellectual culture resting upon an high industrial development will bring permanent peace. Any other theory is misleading and dangerous. That doctrine which holds that man must be reached only through his low carnal appetites is pernicious.

If the Negro, as some hold, is to learn a few trades and own a few acres of land, and a few glittering dollars to keep the white man from killing him, I tell you that he will "perish by the sword." Only principle, only character, only brain, only the God in us can conquer men. Cold dollars cannot do it. The man of brains—the race of culture, whether black or white, will rule the world. Mind is the great ruling factor in the universe. All other forces are subordinate to it. This is plainly manifested in the patient bearing of the unequal burdens of life, so that the poor man toils under his weary load rather than turn brute and tear to pieces his right neighbor. He recognizes the fact that he would be some day torn as he tears, and that the only true solution lies in the culture of the heart of man. It has been urged that the Negro is too light hearted, that he has too little respect for the goods of this world I tell you, my friends, that while wealth has its measure of worth and utility, yet these things accounted sins of the Negro as surely virtues of a great people. We have often upbraided him about laying up treasures in heaven, and have made fun of him about singing: "You may have all the world give me Jesus."

But we are mistaken. This is the Negro's strongest weapon. It is to his credit that he does not go crazy about wealth. These are traits of character, evidences of the influence of spiritual powers worthy of angels. That he needs wealth—that he must get it—goes without saying; but that he should not bend all of his soul, lose sight of his nobler nature, and forsake his God in pursuit of it is an equally strong truth. In spiritual powers the Negro leads the races of the earth. Joel Chandler Harris makes the Negro take the fox and the hare and conquer all other forces. It is the spiritual nature of the Negro, his religious fervor that marks him as one of the coming races of the world. He is full of all the ideas of sublimity and beauty, his imagination has no bounds and marks him as the oratar, the songster, the inventor of the future I am not fearful of the future if the Negro will but remain true to his nature and develop it in the lines seemingly indicated by his very composition and constitution. But I do doubt his future if he forsakes himself and his God and follows a few would-be-every-and-everything except Negro men and women, doing all that they can to get away from their race.

Please remember that slavery by reason of superior force is no disgrace to the slave. Do you know that every people who ever lived upon the globe, and who ever amounted to anything in the world were slaves? And do you know that that race which has contributed most to the humane development of the world were slaves and struggled, and do now struggle against greater difficulties than any people known to history? And do you know that these same people as slaves built all the grand monuments which cast their shadows ever centuries and before which the mind of to-day staggers? For the Hebrew slaves piled mighty stones into the Egyptian pyramids, carved out the wierd sphinx, constructed the hanging gardens of Babylon, beautified Nineveh and threw up those gigantic walls of the colosseum at Rome. There is a future for us if we will reach out and take it.

TRUE RACE LEADERS

Are Those who are in Constant Touch with the People—Food for Thought.

EDITOR FREEMAN:

Much has been said in the colored press concerning the elimination of our colored leaders from their former standing and consideration with the national party leaders. "Turn down" is everywhere applied to them. If this is true, I see little, if any room for complaint. Much credit is due the leadership formed in the reconstruction period; but with a very few exceptions, if any, those leaders have either served out their usefulness or have gotten out of touch with the people.

There is no genuine leadership apart from a living touch and vital contact with the interest and general welfare of the people. To sustain any other relation to the people is as dead branches on a vine, fruitless and barren in leadership. National recognition in political preferment has removed some of the "turn down" national leaders very far away from the relation to the people, which made their leadership and exaltation possible. Instead of "turning down" it might be only the casting away of unfruitful branches for the young branches, which are ripening into an abundant political fruitage.

Why should the well paid and well honored, but worn out and out of touch and contact leadership cumbereth the ground? It is a disadvantage to the party in hindering the advancement of young, active and aggressive, brainy and astute Republicans, who represent the strength and flower of the race in the party.

They should know that life tenure of leadership is only possible to him who is in constant living touch with the people.

The people are tired of men filled with themselves and empty of their interest, and the national leaders of the party have seen the wisdom of putting below par the quadrennial presentation of well paid past record. While we find no pleasure in the turning down of men we have helped to turn up into national leadership, we hope that the next Republican National administration will carry on the good work of pruning the old, poor fruit bearing and dead branches from the vine, to the encouragement of the young fruitful branches and the strengthening of the party.

W. R. LAWTON.

Indianapolis, Ind.

Mrs. H. C. Ayer of Richford, Vt., writes: "After having fever I was very much debilitated and had dyspepsia so bad I could scarcely eat anything. A little food caused bloating and burning in the stomach with pain and much soreness in my side and a great deal of headache. My physician seemed unable to help me and I continued in this condition until I took Dr. Kay's Renovator which completely cured me." Sold by druggists at 25 cts. and $1. Sold by H. C. Pomeroy, Indianapolis, Ind.

EUGENE FIELD'S HOME.

His Many Queer Clocks and His Library of Rare Books.

One should not always judge a man by his house, but in the case of Eugene Field it seemed as if his house were a part of him. It is an old fashioned two story farmhouse with a wide porch, to which has been added a large circular wing with an outside chimney such as the southerners love. As you enter the hall you notice an elaborately ornamented old English tall clock of the kind usually known in this country as "grandfather's clock." It is one of three such clocks in the house; a second stands on a stair landing, after the manner of Longfellow's "Old Clock On the Stair," and a third was in Eugene Field's sleeping room. The last one has a gong in it like a country dinner bell and clangs the hour with a loud metallic ring.

In the same room he had a "freak clock" made entirely of wood, that ticks like a hammer striking hard wood. In the library there is a quaint little one made with a seesaw—a wee boy and girl sitting upon a log to regulate the pendulum. This is a very well behaved little piece of mechanism, as it makes no noise and is really pretty. Contrasted with it, standing near Field's writing table, is a plain New England kitchen clock such as our grandmothers used in their light, airy kitchens. It is a medium sized affair of mahogany with a glass door, on the lower half of which are painted impossible red roses and forgetmenots. It is a good old domestic clock, and went on faithfully ticking away when the others were cranky and would not keep the time regularly.

As you enter the house the library is on the left hand. All around the walls of the room are bookcases. Suppose we look at the case beyond the window, which might be called the fairy corner. Here are gathered books of fairy lore from all parts of the world, for there was hardly an old bookstore in London, Paris or Berlin which Mr. Field did not know well. In this wonderful fairy corner are Cossack fairy tales, eastern fairy tales, legends of the French provinces, legends of Ireland, Norway, Germany, Spain, New England and all the modern English fairy stories.—Mary J. Reid and Henrietta Dexter Field in St. Nicholas.

THE INCANDESCENT LIGHT.

Some of the Curious and Commonplace Uses to Which It Is Put.

Incandescent electric lights are used to illuminate the eyes of mounted animals—bears, tigers and lions—shown by furriers. Here obviously a light with a flame would not do, while the incandescent light answers the purpose well and conveniently. The wire is run from the head down through the animal's body and out through one of its feet to a connection with the service wire of the store.

Incandescent lights are used in refrigerators, such as the iceboxes of the wholesale dealer in cut flowers and the butcher. Their use in sidewalk show, cases is familiar; in dressing show windows the flexible connection admits of placing the light where it is wanted with each new trimming of the window.

They are used in electric signs, some of which are permanent, while others are formed of letters that are movable, like types, so that the sign can be readily changed as often as may be desired. Electric numbers are made in the same way.

One may see a painter at work at night in a store, paint brush in one hand and electric-light—with the wire trailing away back of him—in the other, to enable him to see the better in some nook or cranny that he is painting.

The incandescent lamp is used to light sidewalk awnings. The lamps are strung along a wire hung under the ridge pole inside the awning. The wire and lamps are simply taken in when the awning is. Movable billboards are illuminated in the same manner.—New York Sun.

Queer Salt.

In Lapland they have no salt, and the bark of the fir tree is used as a substitute. The Lapps peel the bark from the trunk of the tree, carefully remove the epidermis, and then divide the inner bark into quite a number of very thin layers.

During the brief but extremely hot Lapland summer the layers are exposed to the sun until thoroughly dried; then they are torn into narrow strips and placed in boxes made of fresh bark taken from other trees. Deep holes are then dug in the sand, and the bark boxes are buried in them, where they are allowed to remain for about three days.

The second day fires are made over places where the boxes are buried and kept burning briskly for several hours. The heat penetrates deep into the sand, turns the fir bark a deep red color and gives to it a pleasing taste and odor. Finally the boxes are unearthed, the fir strips are pounded or ground into a coarse powder, and the Lapps use it just as we do salt, only much more sparingly, because it is so troublesome to prepare.—Philadelphia Times.

EYESIGHT OF BIRDS.

Wonderful Powers of Vision of the Crow, the Buzzard and the Vulture.

When an animal is killed and skinned, says Sir Samuel Baker, before the operation is completed the first bird to appear is the wily and omnipresent crow. The next is the ordinary buzzard. Both these birds are near the surface of the earth, seeking their food with untiring energy. But although they may have keen power of scent, even they, in my opinion, are mainly guided by their acuteness of vision, as they are always on the alert, hunting in every direction, and, in fact, keeping a sharp lookout. The third arrival is the small, red necked vulture. This bird descends from a great height. It is now most interesting to watch the concentration from all quarters of the compass. This is easily arranged by lying beneath a bush and shading the eyes while you gaze into the deep blue sky. It will appear to be all alive with the smallest flies, all moving, all hurrying and descending. These become rapidly larger, and you are aware they are vultures, collecting from such enormous altitudes that were a mountain top exposed it would be capped with everlasting snow. While you are straining your eyes to peer into these blue vaults you are startled by a tremendous rush like the roar of a rocket. This is the descent, with closed wings, of some of the large, bare necked vultures, who have plunged like a plummet for some thousand feet to share in the feast below. All those birds flying at high altitudes have been soaring upon endless wings, never fatigued by motion, as they seldom flap, but only to adjust themselves to the currents of air upon which they float, and having, with their extraordinary powers of sight, observed the hurry of smaller birds to some attractive point, they have at once directed their course to fulfill the Biblical expression, "Where the carcass is, there shall the eagles (vultures) be gathered together."

DON QUIXOTE'S BIRTHPLACE

The Village of Argamasilla, a Picturesque and Primitive Spot.

Before us the village of Argamasilla, "birthplace of Don Quixote" the guidebook says unblushingly, revealed more and more distinctly, its white houses nestled under the trees. The purple Sierras, dreamy sentinels of the plains, stood on the extreme border of the horizon. Above it all wonderfully shaped clouds made against the azure background an exquisite mosaic of translucent tones.

We entered the pueblo with crackling whip. Not a soul was to be seen until the solitary slouchy figure of the innkeeper emerged from under the mat covering the door of the posada—"Al Parador del Carmen, Casa Gregorio." Gregorio, hardly able to repress his astonishment at the unusual sight of a guest, looked at the horses and said nothing. But the driver kindly ventured an introduction. "He is for you, Gregorio." "Yes," I added, "and for some time, I hope, Don Gregorio, if I may have a bed in your house." A "don" well placed never fails to please a Spaniard, even if he be that most independent and despotic of beings, an innkeeper of low order. "Of course, senor, and why not?" and upon these slight preliminaries I followed Gregorio under the straw curtain.

My first look at the Parador del Carmen did my Quixote self good, for it was the most picturesque place imaginable. Here at last I had plunged from civilization and nineteenth century to the condition of ancient days and apparently reached bottom. "Apparently" is said advisedly, for later on I was to see infinitely more primitive scenes. However, this first sensation at passing from the glare to that smelly purplish interior, comfortless, but plentiful of dirt, was intense.—August F. Jaccaci in Scribner's.

What Makes a Cat Tread Softly?

"Grandpa, what makes a cat tread softly?" asked little Findout of his aged relative as the pair sat down to improve their minds when the evening lamps were lighted.

"It is a faculty provided by nature, my son, which enables the cat to walk softly," replied the old man as he laid down his paper and beamed on the youthful seeker after knowledge. "All members of the cat tribe are endowed with a noiseless tread, which greatly facilitates their capturing their prey. You have doubtless noticed that the pedal extremities of the feline are furnished with soft, velvety balls or coverings, instead of hoofs. These balls extend below the claws, which are drawn up when not in use, enabling the cat to walk across a board floor without the slightest noise."

"Oh, that isn't what makes a cat tread softly," said Tommy when the old man had finished.

"No? What is it, then?" asked grandpapa.

"Mice," replied the boy, while a happy smile lit up his ingenuous face.—Pearson's Weekly.

She Wanted to Know.

In the little town where she had lived before papa's newly acquired wealth the terms "fry" and "broil" were household words, but "grill" was unknown. She was as pretty as a picture, faultlessly costumed, and as the young man described the new clubhouse her bright face, with its accompaniment of interest, was a joy to contemplate.

"The reception, card and ball rooms are on the first floor and the cloak and grill rooms below."

"How fine it must be," she said. "And how do you play grill?"—New York Journal.

Sorrow's Recompense.

"Yes," sighed Mary, queen of Scots, "my life has been a very unhappy one. And yet," she added, with a gleam of gratitude in her eye, "I have always had something to be thankful for. No one has ever called me Mamie."—Chicago Tribune.

A Plea For the Old Box Hedge.

And may I not enter here a plea for the preservation of the box edgings of our old garden borders? I know they are almost obsolete—have been winter killed and sunburnt—and are even in sorry disrepute as harborers of unpleasant and unwelcome garden visitors. For its beauty in winter alone the box should still find a place in our gardens. It grows to great size.—Alice Morse Earle in Scribner's.

The human soul is like a bird that is born in a cage. Nothing can deprive it of its natural longings or obliterate the mysterious remembrance of its heritage.—Epes Sargent.

Moses Brown of Boston has the credit of making the first deposit of gold bullion to be coined. In 1795 he deposited $2,276.72.

BILIOUSNESS Is caused by torpid liver and produces headache, dizziness, loss of appetite, disgust for food, coated tongue, constipation, and bilious fever if neglected. A POSITIVE CURE is found in

Dr. Kay's Renovator

Mrs O. C. THAYER, of Anita, Iowa, writes; "I have taken Dr. Kay's Renovator for Constipation & BILIOUSNESS, and it has given the best of satisfaction." Dr. Kay's Renovator is sold by druggists at 25 cts., and $1.00, or sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co. Omaha, Neb. Send stamp for FREE SAMPLE and a valuable booklet.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

H. C. Pomeroy, opp. postoffice, Indianapolis

Teachers Wanting Positions.

To TEACHERS AND TRUSTEES:—If you are without a position (teacher) or if you are without a teacher (trustees or school board) correspond with the SOUTHERN NORMAL TEACHER'S AGENCY. We have established agencies and branch offices throughout the South, and we shall push the claims of all our old members. Register now, for it will sure pay you. Registration fee $1.00. Address

Southern Normal Teacher's Agency,

Russellville, Ky. GEO. H. BAIRD, Manage

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for coughs, colds and thrort diseases.

Wonderful Discovery

CURLY HAIR MADE STRAIGHT BY

TAKEN FROM LIFE.
BEFORE AND AFTER TREATMENT.

OZONIZED OX MARROW

(COPYRIGHT BY BUCK & RAYNER, CHICAGO.)

This wonderful hair pomade is the only safe preparation in the world that makes kinky hair straight as shown above. It renders the hair soft, pliable and glossy, and by nourishing the roots imparts new life and vigor. Elegantly perfumed. Ozonized Ox Marrow is manufactured only by Buck & Rayner, the well known druggists of Chicago. Their reputation is a guarantee that it is perfectly pure and harmless. Beware of imitations. See that their name is blown in the bottle. Thousands who have used the genuine Ozonized Ox Marrow testify to its never failing merits. Full directions with every bottle. Price only 50 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists. If your druggist does not keep it, we will send you 3 bottles for $1.25 or 6 for $2.50. Always inclose a post office money order, as we do not send goods C. O. D. Write your address and name plainly. Address

BUCK & RAYNER,

STATE AND MADISON STS., CHICAGO.

1896 High Grade Bicycles

Shipped anywhere C. O. D., at lowest wholesale prices.
$100 'Oakwood' for $57.50
$85 'Arlington' " $45.00
$65 " " $37.50
$20 Bicycle " $10.75

Latest models, fully guaranteed; pneumatic tires; weight 17½ to 30 lbs.; all styles and prices. Large illustrated catalogue free.
Cash Buyers' Union, 162 W. VanBuren St. B-170 Chicago
Mention The Freeman.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.
CH&D
CINCINNATI
INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

THE PULLMAN CAR LINE BETWEEN

Indianapolis and Cincinnati. The favorite Line with through Dining Car.

CHICAGO and CINCINNATI,

ST. LOUIS and CINCINNATI.

Best line to Cincinnati, Dayton, Lima, Toledo, Detroit and Canada. Through cars between Decatur, Springfield, Quincy, Keokuk and Cincinnati. Pullman Sleepers on night and Palace Parlor Cars on day trains. Direct connection without transfer in Cincinnati for points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Florida and the South.

Washington, Philadelphia, New York

—AND THE EAST—

Ask for tickets and see that they read "via C. H. & D." On sale everywhere. Ticket Office No. 2 W. Washington St.

GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.
Indianapolis, Ind.
D. G. EDWARDS, P. T. M.,
C. G. WALDO, G. M.,
Cincinnati, O.

TO Chicago, The West And the Northwest, Summer Resorts of

Wisconsin and Minnesota

—BEST REACHED VIA THE—

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY.

Three Daily Trains
Leave Indianapolis

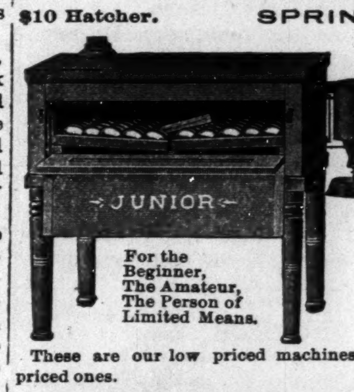
7:00a.m 3:45p.m. 12:40night

Services unsurpassed. Pullman, Buffet Sleepers, Vestibuled Trains, Elegant Parlor Cars. An "Up-to-Date" Line.
Ticket Offices: 2 West Washington Street, Union Station and Massachusetts Ave, Depot.

GEO. W. HAYLER,
Dist. Pass. Agt.

INVINCIBLE HATCHER CO.

$10 Hatcher. SPRINGFIELD, OHO. $5 Brooder.



For the Beginner, The Amateur, The Person of Limited Means.

Send two stamps for Catalogue No. 21. An outfit for $15.00. Hatcher & Brooder, separate machines.

These are our low priced machines, but we give all the guaranty that we place on higher priced ones.

I am Just as Pretty as I Can Be!

Becau I use Mme. Turner's Great French System for my Hair and Complexion.

BEFORE AFTER

These cuts were taken from one of her customers whose hair was changed as you see one treatment.

SOFT, STRAIGHT and GLOSSY HAIR

I straighten my hair with Cheveline because I don't have to use hot irons, and I can wash my hair and the straightening appears as natural as if born with it. For proof, send a piece of your hair and 10 cents for sample of her work. Cheveline is put up in two sizes, $10.00 and $5.00, with full instructions.

Madame Turner's Mystic Pomade,

Will straighten your hair beautifully, but not as lasting as Cheveline. It is also excellent for dressing children's hair. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Medicated Hair Grower Is what I used when my hair was thin and falling out on the temples, and I was also turning gray; but Mme. Turner's Medicated Hair Grower stopped it all. Price $1.00 per bottle.

Mme. Turner's Mystic Face Bleach Beats everything I ever used. I used to have black heads, liver spots, freckles and wrinkles. The Bleach and her Medicated Skin Soap have made me about two shades fairer, and gives me a lovely complexion. Mystic Face Bleach, price $1.00 per bottle. Mystic Skin and Scalp Soap, price 25 cents per cake, three cakes for 60 cents. If you take the agency you can earn from $4 to $6 a day. If you straighten your hair with irons, Mme. Turner has the best I ever saw. Send all money by post office order, bank draft or express. No goods C. O. D.

M. C. TURNER,

3112 CRONDELET ST.; NEW ORLEANS.

Mention The Freeman.

THE AUTO-BIOGRAPHY OF

ONE OF FREEDOM'S PIONEER—BY B. SQUARE.

"—Conducted by historic truth,
We tread the long extent of backward time."
—Thompson.

"'Tis strange but true, for truth is always strange—
Stranger than fiction. If it could be told,
How much would novels gain by the exchange?
How differently the world would men behold?"
—Byron.

"The old Abolitionists—Freedom's Pioneers—had almost passed away; noble men! Their memory should be, for ages hence. kept green in the hearts of our people. As the architect or engineer, who plans the structure is greater than the builder, so these handful of modern Spartans towered above all the generals, soldiers, and lawmakers, who afterwards put into execution any part of the ideal dream of the early friends of the Afro-American."
—Prof. I. Garland Penn.

CHAPTER XVII.

A FEW weeks after the publication of the action of our people, we formed an association, the object of which being to raise funds to run a private school of our own. We agreed to tax the parents of the children who were able, the sum of one shilling. Those who were not able could send their children free. The trustees of the church gave us the free use of the same. We had several meetings Sundays and first formed the children into a Sunday school. The first Sunday we had twelve children, and all kinds of books (mostly old fashioned hymn books). The second Sunday I gave out notice that the next Sunday we would give out new books for all the children present. I went over to New York during the week and purchased, out of my own pocket, three dozen books, and also a lot of cards with the alphabet in large letters, for those who could not read. The next Sunday the church was full and many of the parents joined the school association, and paid their general tax. We all worked hard, but were not quite ready to open the day school. We prayed to the Lord to help us and He heared our prayers, and sent several white christian friends to us with the needful aid. They were much help to us and did us much good, so much so that I deemed it proper to mention their names, (I hope they will excuse me for so doing). They were Mr. James Warner and family; Samuel Wilde, Esq., and family; and Mrs. Wm. H. Pillow and family. We were now ready to commence our day school. I acted as teacher for a few days until we employed my brother William (he having quit the employment of Messrs. Hulbert & Co.) William had charge of the school for two or three months (perhaps a little longer) until we were unable to pay him the amount per month he wanted. We then employed a young woman by the name of Mary Mayson. After we had carried the school on for eight months, the trustees of the common school district took it off our hands and made it a free public school. This school was established by us in 1841, and has been continued ever since. *

It is now a large first class school, the pupils thereof are not only a source of pride to its founders, but a credit to the village of Williamsburg. It has at this time (1848) eighty scholars, with a male and female teacher with a salary of $600 per year.

I found out soon after I got acquainted with the people that many were addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors to such an extent that it destroyed the peace and happiness of many families. Having the school off my hands, I made up my mind to grapple with this great evil. All my old friends and coworkers in the school business joined hands with me in this new work. On October 2, 1841, we organized the "Williamsburg Union Temperance Benevolent Society." I was elected its president, which office I filled until I left the village to come here to Franklin county on the Smith lands. (The male members have since withdrawn and gone into the Sons of Temperance, as Hope Division No. 3). I am free to say (and I say it in a modest manner) that I did all in my power to improve the condition of my people in the village of Williamsburg. s I now write the reflection of some of the happy days spent in Williamsburg, return—they were some of the happiest days of my life.

CHAPTER XVIII.

In the winter of 1841, I went over to New York City to visit an old friend by the name of William H. Nichols. His wife handed me a paper with a marked item, and informed me that she was just going to send it to me, so I might visit a colored man convicted of murder. She asked me if I had read the account. I confessed to her that I had not, and thereupon took the paper and read the item. The case was as follows: "A colored man was to be hanged on the 11th day of February, 1842, for the killing of a white man on the Long Island shores (I think it was near a place called Rockaway) It seemed that the colored man was a fugative slave from the South, and lived on Long Island; his business was selling clams. He had agreed to buy some of a white man, and they were to be delivered at a stated time. The man of color called for the clams at the stated time, but they were not ready and he went away without them. The white man came to his house some time after and insisted on his taking the clams and paying for them. This the man of color refused to do; they had words, and the white man swore that if the other did not take the clams, he would whip him the first time he caught him on the shores. The colored man got a little way off from him and told him he 'had better do it now.' The white man ran after him and struck him several times with a stick. The colored man turned and struck him under the jaw and broke it, at the same time unjointed his neck, killing him at once with the one blow of his fist. There were several white men present and saw the whole affair, but no man of color but himself. He was arrested, and not employing anyone to plead his case, he was convicted, and sentenced as before stated, and was in the Brooklyn jail."

I took the paper and at once returned to Williamsburg. We held a temperance meeting that night, and I called attention to the unfortunate man's case by reading the article in the paper. I then asked who would join me in trying to do something for him. All agreed that it was a hopeless case, as sentence had already been passed upon him. I made up my mind, however, that I would try, by God's help, to do something for him. I could, at least, try; so I made up my mind to go over to Brookly the next day. Early the next morning I went to Brooklyn and called upon Judge Dikeman, an eminent lawyer and a gentleman of great judgement and influence. I stated the unhappy man's case, and asked if something could not be done for him. Judge Dikeman said that he was glad that I had come to see him about the case. I wanted to get up a petition and get it signed by as many men of influence as I could, and send it to Governor Steward in the man's behalf, but Judge Dikeman said that would not do, as the friends of the dead man would get up a counter petition and send it to Governor Steward, which would, perhaps, have more weight. He told me to "keep cool," that he would take the case in hand, hunt up all the evidence in the case and get several men of influence to go privately to the Governor and lay the facts before him. I called again in a few days and he told me to "keep cool," that he was looking into the matter and that I would hear something in a few days. One day about two weeks afterwards, I looked into a newspaper and saw that the Governor had reprieved the unfortunate man from the death sentence and made the punishment three years in the state's prison.

I took the paper at once over to New York City and read the account of the case to Sister Nichols. She was overjoyed, and said, "Brother Hodges, that is a feather in your cap that cannot be plucked out."

I had with anxious expectations watched for five years the movement of the abolitionists of New York, and was convinced that they were more men of words than deeds; that many of them were in pursuit of popularity, which they perceived could be obtained that way that they could not get otherwise. When this class of abolitionists were taken from the number, the few who truly had the interest of the colored people at heart were too few to effect anything or be of any value to the cause of freedom. They, as watchmen, could give the alarm; but we, the black men, as soldiers, must fight the battle; and I hold that as far as a man has light on the subject of slavery so far is he guilty of slavery, and suffers himself to be a slave, so far is he guilty of slavery. I further hold that it is the duty, as well as right of the people of color of the United States to fight for their equal and just rights, as much as it is their duty to believe in Christ for the salvation of their souls.

I further hold and truly believe that blood is the only thing that can wash the stain of slavery from this land. This being my convictions, I began to think how much of the responsibility of slavery rested on me, and what was my duty to do. When and where was I to commence action? Was I doing my duty by staying in the North? Could I not, in some way, aid freedom's cause by going South? These, and many like questions I often asked myself, and as I had done about all I could do in the village of Williamsburg, I at last resolved to return to Virginia. I therefore, made my intentions known at a public meeting. Many of my friends tried to dissuade me from going. I saw clearly, as they pointed out, the dangerous field of labor to which I was going, but duty seemed to call me, and I resolved to obey at any cost. I therefore, left New York and returned to my native state—Virginia.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

* The school is now public school No. 61, o Brooklyn.—B. Square.

Douglass Monument Fund.

Douglass Souvenir Spoon, artistically designed, depicts scenes from his birth to his death, almost a biography, together with a handsome bust of the dead leader, or an 8x10 inch Photo graph of the late Frederick Douglass, will be sent to any one who will send One Dollar or more to the Douglass Monument Committee, P. O. Box 493 Rochester, New York.

BABBAGE MACHINE.

A MECHANICAL CALCULATOR THAT COST ENGLAND £17,000.

An Invention That Attracted Wide Attention For Many Years, but Which Was Finally Abandoned as Being of No Practical Use.

Babbage's calculating machine would require a whole volume to do its marvelous history anything like justice. In the year 1819 Babbage really commenced operations by taking a number of wheels to a wheel cutter at Lambeth to have the teeth cut in them. Toward the end of July, 1823, the inventor commenced upon the difference engine, and he worked on it for four years regularly, with the result that, in October, 1827, he had spent £3,475. The very first difference engine made, however, was put together between the year 1820 and June, 1822. It consisted of from six to eight figures. A larger and more perfect machine was afterward commenced in 1823 for the government. The latter was to have six orders of differences, each consisting of about 20 places of figures. It was also intended to print the tables it computed. In 1827 Babbage's wife died, and he was advised to travel on the continent, being in a low state of health. He left the drawings, however, in order that the work might be carried on in his absence, and he also gave his banker instructions to advance £1,000 while he was away. In the beginning of 1829 the government directed the Royal society to inquire into the machine, and the administration also directed that a fireproof building should be constructed in East street, Manchester square, close to Babbage's house, 1 Dorset street, in which it was intended to place the machines when finished. One day early in 1832, finding he could no longer make payments in advance, Babbage informed the engineer in charge of the works that in future he would not pay him until money was received from the treasury. Thereupon the mechanician struck work and dismissed his men. One of these, in receipt of 2 guineas a week, was afterward the famous engineer, Sir J. Whitworth.

Babbage's troubles had just commenced. His best draftsman came to him one day and said he had just received a tempting offer from the French government, whereupon his tortured employer had to give him a substantial increase of salary in order to retain his services. After the strike of the inventor's men years of delay and anxiety followed, Babbage applying repeatedly to the government for its decision upon the subject, but in vain. Notwithstanding that the difference engine was suspended, this indomitable man still continued his inquiries, and, having discovered principles of far wider extent, he ultimately embodied them in the analytical engine. Both machines can be seen on application at the South Kensington museum. For upward of 20 years Babbage maintained, in his own house and virtually at his own expense, an elaborate establishment for carrying out his views. He died at his London house on Oct. 18, 1871, and Sir Robert Peel admitted to the house of commons, in March, 1843, that, although £17,000 had been spent by the government on the machine, Babbage himself had never received a shilling.

And yet the invention was not wholly valueless. An eminent and wealthy manufacturer of Manchester came to London and saw this machine, and, on inspecting closely, he found mechanical contrivances which he subsequently introduced with the greatest advantage to his own spinning machinery. Of course, even after the machine had been definitely cast adrift by the government, a vast amount of interest was taken in it by the public. Many members of both houses of parliament were very fond of putting puerile questions to the inventor. "Pray, Mr. Babbage," cried one of the ancient dandies, "if you put the wrong figures into the machine would the right answers come out?"

The fame of Babbage's calculating machine spread to the ends of the earth. Count Strzyelecki once told Babbage that the Chinese inquired after it. The guileless Celestials were anxious to know whether the machine could be carried in the pocket. The inventor assured them, however, through his excellency, that "it was essentially an out of pocket machine."

The difference engine was not exhibited in 1851. Its loan was refused to New York and also to the Dublin exhibition of 1847. It was, however, exhibited in the exhibition of 1862, but space for its drawings was refused, and that the authorities had a low opinion of the thing will be evident from the fact that payment of 6 shillings a day for a competent person (formerly Babbage's secretary) to explain the mechanism was refused by the commissioners. General Babbage, the inventor's son, assured me that Wellington, when premier, went to Lambeth to personally inspect the machine, and, having seen it at work—for it is quite perfect in its way—he directed the chancellor of the exchequer to arrange further grants, his idea being that the calculating part should be finished first, in order that there might be something of real value to show to parliament in return for the money of the nation. General Babbage further assures me that when the machine was abandoned it could, in his opinion, have been entirely completed for £500.—Strand Magazine.

Needs Another.

Doctor—No appetite? Then buy a wheel, and you will soon have one.

Patient (a year later)—I've lost my appetite again, doctor.

Doctor—Why, where's your wheel?

Patient—It gave me such an appetite I had to sell it to buy food.—Detroit Free Press.

It is stated by an authority on education that nine-tenths of the world's teachers are women.

Summer Resorts on the Monon.

The Summer Resorts on the Monon Route, are more than unusually popular this year. West Baden and French Lick Springs, in Orange county, are overflowing with visitors and the hotels have all they can do. Paoli, the county seat, has opened a fine new sanitarium, which is well patronized. The water of the various springs differ materially in their constituents and are successfully prescribed for a great variety of maladies. The woods in the neighborhood abound in game and all the streams teem with fish, some of them having been stocked by the government fish commission. All indications point to West Baden, and the neighboring springs, as the great sanitarium and popular summer resort of the West. Cedar Lake, 40 miles from Chicago, is a fovorite picnic and outing spot, where the Monon has a fine wooded park of nearly 400 acres. The fishing is first rate.

Ice Cream Made by a New Process.

I have an Ice Cream Freezer that will freeze cream instantly. The cream is put into the freezer and comes out instantly, smooth and perfectly frozen. This astonishes people and a crowd will gather to see the freezer in operation and they will all want to try the cream. You can sell cream as fast as it can be made and sell freezers to many of them who would not buy an old style freezer. It is really a curiosity and you can sell from $5 to $8 worth of cream and six to twelve freezers every day. This makes a good profit these hard times and is a pleasant employment. J. F. Casey & Co., 1143 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo., will send full particulars and information in regard to this new invention on application and will employ good salesmen on salary.

AGENTS! YOU CAN MAKE

Good Money Introducing this Marvelous Remedy.

Any person suffering from a weak, nervous, debilitated and run down system, or sexual weakness, can obtain from our Laboratory a trial preparation of a marvelous remedy that will restore them to health, which we have discovered from scientific experiments. It contains no injurious, organic or deleterious matter, which careful chemical analysis by the most expert chemist will disclose. All correspondence will be regarded strictly confidential, and the remedy sent in plain packages. Address for circular of particulars regarding this marvelous remedy, Stewart's Laboratories of Applied Science, Box 831, Kalamazoo, Mich.

"BIG FOUR" TO CHICAGO.

Best Terminal Station, Lake Front, Near Auditorium.

The National Democratic Convention held at Chicago, July 7, 1896, will draw heavy crowds of delegates and visitors from the South and Southeast. The superior line to Chicago is naturally the "Big Four," because of its direct connections in Central Union Station with all lines from the South and Southeast, and its magnificent through service of Buffet Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars, Private Compartment Cars and Dining Cars between Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and Chicago. The excellent terminal facilities at Chicago place the "Big Four" at the head. The down town station is located on Twelfth street and Lake Front, near the Auditorium. Regular stops are made at Hyde Park near the Colisum where the convention will be held, Thirty-ninth and Twenty-second street stations, convenient to all points on the Southside.

LOST RELATIVES.

I wish to inquire for my lost relatives whom I have not seen since I was ten years old. I was born in Paris, Henry county Tennessee. My father's name was Stephe Wright, and belonged to Bill Wright,—my father died. My mother's name was Goodly, sisters Evaline and Emma, brother Nelson, (nicknamed Tobe) and myself belonged to Matthew Russell. When Matthew Russell died, mother sisters and brothers were sold to Gofer Cox and moved to Texas. Mrs. Russell bought me Any information to either will be thankfully received by Sam Russell, Searcy, Ark., White county.

HOT SPRINGS,

Ark., the Carlsbad of America—Excellent Hotel Accommodations.

On Feb. 17th the Iron Mountain railway put into service a new special train to Hot Springs. It will leave St. Louis Union Station at 8:30 p. m. daily, arriving at Hot Springs 12:30 the next noon. This train will be handsomely equipped with coaches, free reclining chairs cars and Pullman sleepers. Hot Springs is constantly growing in popularity as a sanitarium for invalids, on account of the extraordinary curative properties of its waters, and also, as a fashionable winter resort, by reason of its delightful climate, beautiful scenery and excellent hotel accommodations. Descriptive pamphlet mailed free on application to Coke Alexander, District Passenger Agent, Jackson Place, Indianapolis, Ind.

Don't Fail to Take This In.

Big money to be made. Handle the great famous hair restorer, it can't be beat in the world over. Ladies and gents can make big money selling this great. famous hair restorer. It outsells anything you can get at this time. It is put up in large size dollar bottles, very highly perfumed. I will send four large size dollar bottles for less than one-half price; one dollar and forty-five cents by express, or four ladies can send for sample bottles, enclose each 35c. I will send the samples and guarantee it to give satisfaction, and if any one desires to take the agency I will send from $12.00 to $15.00 amout, but they must enclose $2.00 as a guarantee of express charges. Address
Mrs. E. Parry,
New Port, Ark

Home Seekers' Excursions

Via Missouri, Pacific Railway to nearly all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana. One fare round trip, plus $2.00. Dates of sales June 22 and 23, July 6, 7, 20 and 21. Tickets will be limited 21 days from the date of sale and will permit stop overs on going trip. Pullman sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars to nearly all principal points. Rates, maps and pamphlets on application. For particular information, address, Coke Alexander, District Passenger Agent, 7 Jackson Place, Indianapolis.

Plan Your Summer Outing Now. Go to Picturesque Mackinac via the Coast Line.

It only costs $13.50 from Detroit, $15.50 from Toledo, $18.00 from Cleveland for the round trip, including meals and berths. One thousand miles of lake ride on new modern steel steamers for the above rates. Send two cents for illustrated pamphlet. Address
A. A. Schantz, G. P. A.,
Detroit, Mich.

Ministers Should Use
Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by over work, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration.

Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ills., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little over work in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nervine and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 10 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Dr. J. K. Nickens'

WONDERFUL DISCOVERIES

DR. NICKENS' FEMALE TONIC is a sure and speedy cure for Diseases peculiar to women; such as Pains, Crampe, Neuralgia of the Womb, Dyspepsia, Nervious Headache, Mental Depression, Heart Disease, Female Weakness and General Debility. Price 50c per bottle.

DR. NICKENS' BLOOD SARSAPARILLA will cure Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pimples, Carbuncles, Erysipelas, Dyspepsia, Kidney, Liver and Stomach Diseases, and all disorders of the blood. Price 50c per bottle. Agents wanted everywhere. Write for circulars and terms.

Adress Dr. Nickens' Medicine Co.

929 Mound Street. Cincinnati, Ohio.

Central Tennesseé College.

Chartered in 1866. Has over forty instructors and 475 students. Has the following departments: Common English, Normal, Preparatory, College, Theological, Medical, Dental, Law, Pharmaceutical, Musical, Industral African Training School. Expenses moderate. For catalogues and full information, address the

President, Rev. J. Braden,

NASHVILLE, : : TENNESSEE.

WEAK MEN

Instant Relief. Cure in 15 days. Never returns. I will gladly send to any sufferer in a plain sealed envelope FREE a prescription with full directions for a quick, private cure for Lost Manhood, Night Losses Nervous Debility, Small Weak Parts, Varicocele, etc I also have the medicines for sale. Address
G. B. Wright, Box 1205 Marshall, Mich.

Mention The Freeman.

NEW MAMMOTH POULTRY GUIDE showing colored plate of chickens in natural colors. Finest book ever published. Almost 100 pages. Tells all about Poultry for Profit or Pleasure. Price only 15c. JOHN BAUSCHER, JR., Box 272, Freeport, Ills.

PATENTS

Promptly secured. Trade-Marks, Copyrights and Labels registered. Twenty-five years experience. We report whether patent can be secured or not, free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is allowed. 32 page Book Free. H. B. WILLSON & CO., Attorneys at Law, Opp. U. S. Pat. Office. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Mention The Freeman.

$2.75 GENTS OR LADIES SIZE

14 KARAT GOLD PLATE. CUT THIS OUT and send it to us with your name and address and we will send you this beautiful gold finished watch, by express for examination. You examine it at the express office; and if you think it a bargain pay our sample price $2.75 and express charges and it is yours. It is magnificently engraved and equal in appearance to a genuine Solid Gold watch. A guarantee and beautiful gold plate chain and charm sent free with every watch, write today, this maynot appear again; mention whether you want gents' or ladies' size. THE NATIONAL MFG. & IMPORTING CO., 334 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Mention The Freeman.

Bread Raised and Baked in One Hour

Greatest labor and time saving process; as simple and cheap as the old way, by which the finest and most heathful bread is made, by any one, at no extra expense. All who try it speak highly of it. Now used by over 21,000 families. Guaranteed as represented, to raise and bake the best bread in an hour. I will send this receipt easily worth $5.00 to any address for 25 cents in stamps. G. W. Aiken,
E. Toledo, O.

New Train Service on the Monon Route.

Commencing Sunday, June 7th., the regular sleeping car for Indianapolis via. the Monon ROUTE will be carried on the FAST MAIL train leaving Chicago at 2.45 a. m. The sleeper will be ready for occupancy in Dearborn Station (Polk Street Depot) at 9.30 p. m., thus giving passengers an opportunity to spend the evening in Chicago, go the theatres or other places of amusement and retire any time after that hour. The arriving time at Indianapolis is 8.00 a. m.

CLAIRVOYANT.

Mrs. E. Parry, the Powerful Medium, a specialist in all mysteries—can tell the whereabouts of criminals.

Hidden Treasures Revealed!

Strayed or stolen stock found—the most daring robbers exposed. CAN TELL YOU of your past, present and future life, business, love and marriage—if the girl you call on is true or not, her name, color, number of shoe worn, or if she is in love with another. If you want free questions answered, send 25 cents and a minute of your church. To pastors—Will answer free for minute of church and 25 cents.

Price $1.00 (one dollar). No correspondence answered without stamps.

MRS. E. PARRY,
NEWPORT, : ARKANSAS.

Do You Want a

High Grade Buggy

At One half price? Send 4 cents in postage and your address to

BICYCLE EXCHANGE,
Cincinnati, : : : : : : : : : Ohio.

RELIEF LADIES! MRS. DR. A. DALE'S "Egyptian Pennyroyal Cotton-Root Pills, only reliable, safe, sure, original and genuine. Never fails—remove all irregularities from any cause. Married Ladies, don't worry—safety assured. Sent secure from observation for $1.00. Dale Medicine Co., Box A55, St. Louis, Mo.

$1,000 REWARD.

DR. SHEA MARVELOUS MEDIUM.

" Gives the names of dead and living friends tells who and when you will marry, also of business journeys, lawsuits, absent friends, health or anything you wish to know no matter what it is. He can call up your spirit friends and show them to you. Can make them rap all around the room. He asks no questions. don't ask you to write names for him. Don't try to pump you in any way, but tells you right off. He is thoroughly endorsed by leading spiritualists everywhere, received from them a gold medal and special license to practice his wonderful powers; credentials no one else can show, can give thousands of reference to both white and colored patrons. Twenty-five years' practice—seven in Brooklyn—will show you that he can do all he tells of. Can tell what business is best for you and where, how to win speedy marriage with the one you love. How to be successful in all your doings, in short, what is best to do. He succeeds when all others fail. Positive satisfaction or no pay. Call and see. You will find it lucky to consult this Christian gentleman. He has a medicine that will cure drunkenness, can be given patients not knowing it. Thousands through him are now

RICH, HAPPY AND SUCCESSFUL

with all their undertakings, while those who neglect his advice are still laboring against poverty. Through his perfect knowledge of chemistry he can impart to you a secret that will overcome your enemies and win you friends. His aid and advice has often been solicted; the result has always been the securing of speedy and happy marriages and all your wishes. In love affairs he never fails. He has the secret of winning the affections of the opposite sex.

It is the curse of Spiritualism that in all large cities there are a class of men and women who claim powers they do not possess. They have neither gifts, credentials, nor references. Surely the colored people are not so wanting in sense as to throw their time and money away on such. Dr. Shea refers to the Hon. Chas. Miller, capitalist, 2481 Atlantic Ave.; the Hon. Wm. Denmore, architect and builder, 47 Cleveland avenue, and Mr. Fred Lampe, grocer, 641 Fulton street, Brooklyn. All have known him for the past ten years. He gives a free test of his power to all. The doctor has practiced five years in New Orleans, St. Louis, Memphis, and Louisville; understands thoroughly the diseases, spells or influences the race is subject to. He has now and always had a large patronage from them.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING:

Brooklyn, Aug. 15, 1891.—This is to certify that I came to New York from Albany. I was a stranger in a strange city, out of work and out of money. I had no luck in anything I undertook. What to do I did not know. A friend advised me to go and see Dr. Shea. I did. He told me the cause of my troubles; he took me in and treated me as a brother. Through him I got a good position that very week. I had been to others; they took my money and did me no good. I bless the day I first met Dr. Shea. I would advise all in bad luck, sick or in trouble to go to him at once.
Sincerely, Albert Ayers,
2937 Atlantic Ave.

Brooklyn, Aug. 15, 1891.—This letter is to certify that my husband had gone away and had been absent two years. I mourned for him night and day. I gave him up as dead. Hearing of the wonderful things Dr. Shea was doing I resolved to consult him. He told me that my husband was alive and well and where he was; told me he would come home and when. To my joy all of it came true. He is home now, came back like one from the dead. I also wish to say that this month I lost $250. I am a poor woman and I was almost insane. I went to Dr. Shea and he told me I would find my money and to my intense joy I did find it as he told me. I thank God there is a man so gifted in our midst that can help people and tell them what to do.
Sincerely, Mrs. Barrett,
121-23rd Street.

A SENSATION IN BROOKLYN—A MINISTER'S STATEMENT.

I wish to state that one of my parishoners was sick and in trouble for a long time, Mrs. Brown, 37 Gay street. No one seemed to understand her case. She had several doctors, but none of them seemed to know what was the matter. None could do her any good. It was my duty as her pastor to call and see her. Hearing of the wonderful work being done by Dr. Shea the last few years, I thought I would call and see him myself, I found him a sympathetic gentleman. He gave me a wonderful test of his powers; told me to send him a lock of patient's hair, which I did by her daughter. He told at one what was the matter and in a short time cured her sound and well. Her family had seemingly been under a cloud. Now all is changed. All are well and prosperous. I can truely and and heartily recommend Dr. Shea, to all those in sickness or distress of any kind, Rev. William Johnson, pastor Lebanon church, Brooklyn.

Dr. Shea can show thousands such as the above.

DR. SHEA

has been carefully educated in the Homoepathic and Electric Schools of Medicine. His success is wonderful in curing paralysis, Rheumatism, Asthma, Sore Eyes, Tumors, Cancers, Constipation, Ague, Dypepsia, Tape Worms, Liver Complaints, Deafness, Catarrh, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous Debility, Heart Diseases, Consumption, Diseases of Women and Children, Fits, Kidney Disease, and all strange mysterious diseases which others don't understand. All diseases, no matter what they be. Nothing but honorable treatment. He can and will honestly tell you if you can be cured. Has all new remedies and new success. Has an ample experience in public hospital and private clinics. No trifling with human life. Call at once. Do not delay. Diplomas hang in parlors. Is a registered physician. A new remedy for rheumatism just discovered not a linament. Hopeless cases and those that others cannot cure solicited to call. Fat folks thin, the childless made parents. All letters must contain $1.00, two stamps, age, lock of hair. Charges for medical treatment only. Mention this paper.

651 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CITY HAPPENINGS—PERSONAL.

Lewis J. Davis is at Evansville.

Miss Lizzie Sweeney is in Chicago.

Chas. Moss, of Peru was in the city.

Miss Daisy Jones is home from Chicago.

A. Y. King of Mt. Vernon was in the city Sunday.

Miss Mellie Hampton spent last Sunday in the city.

Chas. Bray of Frankfort is the guest of his brother.

John Hicks of Lexington avenue is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Lee are at Lake Maxinkuckee.

Miss Essie Cook and Joseph H. Hurt were married this week.

John Galliton and Miss Mamie Bratcher were recently married.

Eugene Q. Paris, of Charleston, Ill., is visiting relatives in the city.

Miss Parthenia Woodfork of Crawfordsville was in the city this week.

Arch Martin of Hosbrook street, is visiting his parents in Sandusky, O.

Wm. Keelum of the Knightstown Sun was in the city Monday on business.

Prescriptions with pure drugs at lowest prices at Gauld's, 201 Indiana Ave.

Jackson Wright of Carthage spent last Sunday in the city the guest of friends.

Henry Hamm was buried from the Second Baptist church last Sunday afternoon.

The Acme Club gave a luncheon to a few friends at Fairview park Friday afternoon.

Miss Reynolds of Vincennes, is the guest of Miss Effie Stewart in West First street.

Mrs. Susie Knox of Sunny Side, Ark., is visiting Mrs. Edward Beard, North Indianapolis.

Drs. Morgan and S. A. Furniss will leave Tuesday for a ten day's stay at Mackinac Island.

Miss Ada Martin of the Falls City is the guest of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, 230 Yandes street.

Mrs. E. B. Martin, Mrs. J. T. V. Hill and Miss Nannie Riffe spent last Sunday at Cincinnati.

Durella Coleman of Louisville is visiting her aunt, Mrs. William Stevenson, 191 Linden street.

Mrs. Josie Easton sang at Bethel church recently and her work was highly appreciated by all.

Mrs. Florence Barbour Bennett and Miss Lulu Ray of Cincinnati, left for Chicago last Tuesday.

Miss Alice Roberts of Charlottesville, spent last Sunday in the city, the guest of Geo. L. Knox and family.

Quarterly meeting services were held at Simpson Chapel and St. Paul A. M. E. church Mission Sunday.

Revs. Charles Williams, I. M. Martin and Farrell attended the Baptist Association at Vincennes this week.

No charge for embalming unless the body is preserved. Our work is always first-class. Flanner & Buchanan.

Miss Josie Scott of St. Paul, Minn., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Pearl Alexander, 320 West Court street.

John C. Parker and Mrs. Sophia Childs were married at the residence of the bride, 122 Roanoke street, the 12th.

Mrs. R. D. Leonard and daughter have returned from a three week's visit in Shelbyville, Edinburg and Columbus.

Berry Parker of St. Louis, Mo., after a four week's visit with his nephew, John C. Parker, returned home the 15th.

Mrs. Warren Harris, of Cincinnati, O., is in the city the guest of relatives and will locate permanently.

Miss Lillian Noil gave a "Quotation Party" Friday evening in honor of Misses Suter and Crutchfield of Louisville.

Mrs. Mary Payne of Howard street, and Mrs. Emma Turner were attendants at Rev. H. H. Harris' church, Cincinnati, last Sunday.

Revs. W. R. Lawton, M. L. Hagood, Hon. Geo. L. Knox and others will speak at the Centennial picnic August the 28th.

J. H. Sheppard of Washington, D. C., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott in Allegheny street, left Monday for San Francisco, Cal.

Miss Lina McClellan of Jeffersonville, is visiting Mrs. Ella Hill at Mrs. Tilford's, 442 Chicago street, North Indianapolis.

Misses Eliza Carter and Henrietta Pickens of Louisville, are being entertained by Mrs. Joshua Cravens, 474 North California street.

William Burns of Marceau and Bassett's establishment Sundayed in Chicago, the guest of his cousins, the Misses Merediths.

Henry Bass, secretary of the McKinley Club (white) of Richmond, with Mr. Young a large contractor, were guests of Chas. Bass last Sunday.

Miss Lena Kirk of Pleasant street entertained a circle of friends Friday evening in honor of Miss Mamie Tascoe of Louisville.

Miss Sadie Lee entertained last Thursday evening from 9 so 12 o'clock in honor of Miss Minnie Crutchfield J. Suter of Louisville, Ky. A pleasant time was had by all who attended.

Mrs. W. H. Hicks, 197 Pleasant street accompanied by her two sons, Hallan and Clarence, and Miss Lena Kirk spent last Sunday in Edinburg.

Mrs. Martha Milum, 193 Pleasant street, gave a reception Friday night for the benefit of the Ladies' Relief Corps. Quite a nice time was had.

Rev. B. Jones of Anderson, passed through the city this week enroute to Vincennes to attend the Baptist Association.

The Knight Templars of the Masonic Order are in session at Terre Haute this week A large delegation went from this city.

Dr. Lawton of the Presbyterian church preached the sacramental sermon at Simpson Chapel Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Prof. A. E. Meyzeek and wife were in the city Tuesday en route to Terre Haute to attend the Grand Commandry Knight Templars.

No charge for embalming unless the body is preserved. Why have your friends unfit to be seen on the day of the funeral?—Flanner & Buchanan.

The Centennial picnic and open air concert by the Brotherhood band at Wildwood Park, corner Illinois and Fall Creek, Friday Aug. 28th will be one of the treats of the season.

Miss Mary E. Johnson, 253 West Fifth street, entertained quite a number of friends Wednesday evening, August 12th in honor of Miss Jennie Suter and Miss Minnie Crutchfield of Louisville, Ky.

The sermon which was to have been preached to the Queen Esther Circle last Sunday night at the Ninth Presbyterian church by Rev. W. R. Lawton, will be preached Sunday at 8 p. m. The public is cordially invited. At 11 a. m. "Be Strong in the Lord."

The Alpha Home Association will hold its annual picnic, Wednesday, August 26th. Everybody invited to attend. Take Brightwood car. Franklin's band will be in attendance. Patsie Hart, chairman; Amanda Wells, secretary.

Following officers were elected for Leah Court: Mrs. Fannie Lanier, R. Matron; Mrs. Mary Jackson, A. Matron; C. F. Brooks, R. Patron; Jennie L. Lewis, P. Matron, secretary; Hannah Chapman, treasurer. Mrs. Lewis held office two years successfully.

Mrs. B. F. Howard of Covington, Ky., who for the past week has been in our city visiting her sister, Mrs. L. W. Montgomery left Monday for her home. Miss Estella Stevens, who has also been visiting Mrs. Montgomery will return to her home shortly.

ALLEN CHAPEL NOTES.

The solos rendered by Mesdames Kellar and Hunt were very fine.

Mrs. Coleman of Terre Haute attended services at the Chapel last Sunday.

All the mid-week services are being well attended, notwithstanding the sultry evenings.

Rev. A. L. Murray has appointed Miss Mamie Stewart to be the clerk of Allen Chapel.

Miss Frances Reynolds of Vincennes paid Mrs. A. L. Murray a visit last Monday.

Mrs. Rev. Theopholus Price of Evansville, attended services at the Chapel last Sunday.

J. Henderson directed the chorus of forty voices last Sunday evening in an excellent manner.

The Peek Sister's concert Wednesday evening, August 26th, promises to be a grand affair. All are invited.

The committee of young men who worked together so harmoniously last Sunday evening are deserving of much credit.

Next Sunday evening the services will be under the auspices of the middle aged ladies of the church, with Mrs. Georgia Alexander as chairman.

Rev. Hubbard Brewer preached an eloquent sermon last Sunday morning. Rev. Brewer promises to be one of our leading ministers.

Every one should hear the excellent sermons Rev. Murray is preaching each Sunday evening to large and appreciative congregations.

The members and friends of Allen Chapel are pleased to have with them, Prof. J. Milton Benson, who for several weeks has been attending the Terre Haute State Normal school.

Mesdames Emily Doke, Mary E. Johnson and Gertrude Payne were the leading parties of the private picnic given at Broad Ripple park last Friday in honor of Mrs. Dora Curtis and Rev. A. L. Murray and wife.

We note with pleasure the constant attendance of a large number of young people each Monday evening at the Society of C. E. This great organization not only retains, but helps to entertain them.

At the Ninth Presbyterian.

The Ninth Presbyterian Sunday School, like the church, is making rapid strides towards the front ranks. With such men at the helm, as the pastor, Rev. Dr. Lawton and his collegue, Dr. Joseph Ward, as superintendent, success is inevitable. Last Sabbath marked a great day in the history of the Ninth Presbyterian Sabbath School. On that occassion the school was ably addressed by W. Allison Sweeney, Prof. Gurley Brewer and G. L. Knox. We wish Drs. Lawton and Ward unbounded success in their united efforts to promote that christian influence that goes to make a race and nation grow in its moral, social and intellectual achievements.

"SWAMP ANGEL" ON THE WING.

Last Saturday night a large woman with a white shirt-waist on, who very much resembled a bolster tied in the middle, with an over-loaded market basket made her way into a leading dry goods store. She made her way from one department to another, the cat-fish in the over-loaded basket, far preceding her. Finally she paused in front of the jewelry counter and purchased a "solid gold ring, warranted," etc., and then she and the cat-fish departed. We felt relieved. The average colored woman, it is true, does laborious work; but we feel assured that she could find time, if she worked systematically, to have one day for a shopping expedition. And when you go, dress as becomingly as when you go to Sunday service; don't think you are wasting time.

0—0

Speaking of untidiness, we shall call the colored coachman's attention to the fact that he, too, is too careless in his dress. The average one looks more like a coal-cart driver. You may not receive a large salary, neither should it all be spent for raiment, but if you do not make yourself more presentable, in the language of Booker Washington, the white man will have your job, and you will be left to join that inumerable throng that pass hither and thither on "Cooney Island"—Indiana avenue.

0—0

While on the "fly," news reached us that an admission fee was charged to gain entrance to a certain church Sunday night, the only attraction being an out-of-town preacher. Verily, the church is fast becoming a play-house.

0—0

He has been exonerated from the grave and serious charges, and the church rejoices.

0—0

"Heard the latest?" is the way you are greeted by your friends nowadays.

JONES TABERNACLE NOTES.

Quarterly meeting at Jones Tabernacle A. M. E. Zion church to-morrow at 3 p. m. Rev. H. H. Thompson of the A. M. E. church will preach the sacramental sermon. The pastors and their congregations are invited to come and worship with us. Rev. Y. Carr, the presiding elder, will preach at 8 p. m. Any one having children to be baptized, will please have them ready at 11 o'clock a. m.

Winchester Waftings.

Winchester, Tenn., Special.

We are sorry to note the illness of Edward Embry. Miss Henrietta Commons, of Fayettsville, is visiting Miss Ophelia Solomon. Miss Eva Webster, of Nashville, arrived Friday, Aug. 17th to assist Prof D. A. Townsend in teaching. Miss Webster is a graduate of Fisk University and is fully competent for the work. We wish them much success. D. A. Hunt is very ill.

CORINTHIAN CHURCH NOTES.

Rev. A. A. Russell of Shelbyville, Ky., will preach for us next Sunday. Every one should hear him, as he is a pulpit orator of much note. Rev. Tevis of Jeffersonville will also be with us.

The Church Aid Society was entertained by Mrs. Kittie Minter Friday evening. They will meet with Mrs. Fretwell in Agnes street next week.

Masons Elect Officers.

The Grand Lodge of colored Masons, who were in session in this city last week elected the following officers: Master, W. F. Tiester, Crawfordsville; Assistant, C. F. Brooks, Indianapolis; Senior Warden, J. W. Jones, Ft. Wayne; Secretary, S. W. Stewart, Terre Haute; Junior Warden, S. L. Terrell, Mitchel; Treasurer, Henry Seaton, Indianapolis; Senior Deacon, M. Clifford, Rockport; Trustees, W. T. Floyed, Indianapolis; J. H. Walker, Terre Haute; Charles Lanier, Indianapolis.

Social Notes—Personals.

Coldwell, Tenn., Special.

Mrs. Martha Moore who has been quite ill for a few weeks is some better at this writing. Messrs. Allen Watson Alfred O'Neal and Dave Watson were up from Louisburg, Tenn., visiting friends and relatives Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. Joe Maupin's house was burned Thursday August 13th. Mesdames Virginia Moore, George Fugitt, Carolina Maupins and Messrs. H. T. White, Willie Moore, E. S. White James Cannon and Misses Izo Elkins, Caroline Fugitt, Amanda and Virgia Scott were royally entertained at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. Arnold Sunday Aug. 16th. Mr. Hence Tompson of Nashville, Tenn,, was up to see his little daughter, Cora Thompson, Saturday the 15th inst. A number of the people went in different directions today to enjoy themselves at the barbacues, some to Wartrace and others to St. Mark. Lewis Cannon and others have returned from Fayetteville and report some very warm weather there.

All druggists sell Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Flanner & Buchanan,

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

No class of people are more appreciative of good service at a funeral than the colored people.

We do Want Colored Trade.

Is not your dollar as good as that of your white neighbor? Can any colored man or woman say that we did not attend to their funerals as well as to their white neighbors?

No charge for Embalming, unless the Body is Preserved. You want your friends fit to be seen on day of Funeral.

A NEW STORE.

The Pfafflin Grocery Co.

S. W. Cor. Ohio & Illinois Sts.

A NEW STOCK.

Eatables of all kinds, including a regular Stock, Green Groceries, Meats, Fruits and Vegetables. Candies, Nuts and Foreign Fruits are always in stock, in fact we keep

"A FULL HOUSE"

....THE....

Sindlinger Meat Market

Is connected and all purchases are delivered Free within the City Limits.

Fresh Meats; Salt Meats

Of the best quality and at the Most Reasonable Prices.

FROM THE

HAIR

THE

Hair Straightener Company

Manufactures an instrument that will at once remove the curls from the most stubborn hair without causing the least injury.

It is so simple in construction that a child can use it with

PERFECT SUCCESS.

$1.00—ONLY--$1.00

.... ADDRESS THE ....

Hair Straightener Co.,

525 West North Street,

INDIANAPOLIS, : : : : INDIANA

Office Phone 898.
Residence Phone 714.

FREDERICK FALK,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE HOURS:
7 to 9 a. m.
12 to 3 p, m.
6 to 8 p, m.

Office 47½ S. Ill. St.

Residence 682 N, Ill. St. Indianapolis.

Dr. Frederick Falk desires to announce that he has opened an office at the above location, where he will be pleased to meet his friends and patients. He is thoroughly equipped for the successful treatment of all MEDICAL and SURGICAL DISEASES.

MRS. MATTIE WILLIAMS,

(The Popular Restaurant Keeper.)

—IS LOCATED AT—

66 INDIANA AVENUE 66

Should you desire a FIRST-CLASS MEAL and fine service call on her.

Just as sure as Lincoln was a just man, that sure the

Columbia Laundry

Does the Finest Gloss Work in the City.

Write card and we will call for your laundry.

No. 147—Massachusetts Avenue.—147

WELLS' CAFE,

Meals Served as Ordered.

Meals and Lunches at all Hours.

16 Indiana Avenue.
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

SHEET MUSIC. We will sell the very latest Sheet Music at 20 cents per copy.

—CATALOGUE FREE—

The Charles H. Gant Music Company.

Lansing, Michigan.

MONEY SAVERS AND MAKERS

Come back to investments in Mother Earth's Peach Paradise of America, therein rests security and honest earnings for your money.

INVEST WITH THE

AMERICAN FRUIT COMPANY,

—Indianapolis, Indiana.—

For each share you will OWN AN INTEREST in 900 acres of the richest Fruit Land in America. Every year you will receive your part of the money from the sale of fruit growing on said land. 50,000 Plum Trees, 40,000 Grape Vines, 20,000 Pear Trees 50,000 peach trees; total 160,000 trees, &c. First peach shipments made in May, each year. Orchard cared for by the veteran Horticulturist, Solomon Hayes, who had charge of Indiana State Fair fruit exhibit, and C. W. Withoft, of Ohio, now at Ft. Valley, Ga.

You elect your own delegates from members to visit orchard each year during season to look after fruit shipments and money from fruit sales, that will be distributed among shareholders. Shares are $100 each but, until further notice, will be sold for only $78 each, on weekly payments of fifty cents a week or any other way you desire to pay. Non forfeitable after $35 is paid, so you can't lose. Shares will pay you from $15 to $75 each every year, as the diversity of fruit will be certain to produce good income. Niney days are allowed to make payments. We aid you if distressed. You pay same as any building and loan association, by book until maturity, and we will accept building and loan stock or books in even exchange for our Company Shares for amount you have paid to loan association and, instead of receiving 8 per cent interest you will earn more than double that sum most any year, and have your shares to give your children after you have passed away to draw dividends from for an indefinite time. No membership fees. No fines. No interest to pay. Honestly managed my members themselves. Office open every day and Saturday evenings for those wishing to know more fully, or we will call at residence on receipt of postal card. Your money is used to pay for the plant, land, trees and care for three years, thereafter crops grown between trees will pay cost of care. We desire to receive as many new subscribers as possible at once, to make their start on payment of 50 cents each share. Indianapolis business men of highest integrity are among our menbers. Here are a few, John Furnas, Sec. State Capital Building and Loan Association: L. A. Koehne, City Passenger Agent C. H. & D. Ry.; Thomas Stokes, Auditor Pennsylvania Ry.; J. H. Jordan, Horticulturist; L. W. Waltke, at When Block; L. W. Daugherty, of Fletcher avenue; Charles H. Spaar, Wm. P. Ballard, assistant editor of Indiana Farmer and Baptist; Rev. S. W. Pollard, of Congregational church; James H. Smith, Secretary New Year Savings Association; W. H. Cross, of Fletcher avenue and others. Do not let this chance to secure an honest and profitable investment slip by you. the opportunity may not occur again. Panics may come and go, but people will eat and will buy our fruit and pay money for it, so come aid us and help grow our orchard. The very first fruit sold in the northern markets brings the price.

American Fruit Company.

Room 3, 36 W. Wash-st. Indianapolis, Indiana.

Neat illustrated pamphlet free.

CENTENNIAL PICNIC AND OPEN AIR CONCERT

By The BROTHERHOOD BAND,

At Wildwood Park,

Illinois Street and Fall Creek,

FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1896.

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Jones Tabernacle A. M. E. Z. Church

Some of the best musical talent and speakers of the city will be secured for the program. You will miss a treat if you fail to spend a day or evening in this beautiful park. The committee will spare no pains to make suitable arrangement for a pleasant days outing. Refreshments of the season will be served.

Committee on Arrangement,

David Bell, Thomas Pool, John Freeman, Edmand Baxter, James Bell, Albert McNary, James Primus, A. Wakefield, Paster.

Admission, 25 Cents a Couple,

Single, 15 Cents; Children Under 12, 10 Cents.

CON BAUER'S

GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET.

GROCERIES,
VEGETABLES,
FRUITS and NUTS.
SALT MEATS,
FRESH MEAT and POULTRY.

"Everybody Knows Me Consequently Everybody Likes Me."

So will you when I

—QUOTE MY—

LOW PRICES AT

148 Capital Ave.

Goods Delivered Free.

33 1-3 OFF

On all $8, $9, $10, $12, $15 Cassimere Suits and all Children's Wash Suits.
Straw Hats down to 24 Cents,
Neglegee Shirts as low as 44 Cts.

Globe Clothing Co.

S. W. Corner Washington and Deleware Streets....

For First-class Board by Week, Day, or Meal, also Neat Rooms call on

Mrs N. A Smothers

163, 165 INDIANA AVENUE.

If You Want Good, First-class

GROCERIES

AT LOWEST PRICES CALL AT

McCASLIN & CAVANAUGH,

502-504 North West Street.